

北京大学量子材料科学中心

International Center for Quantum Materials, PKU

Seminan

Defects and Boundaries in 2D Materials: Correlating Electronic Properties to Atomic Structures

Time: 4:00pm, November 23, 2015 (Monday)

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Venue: Room w563, Physics building, Peking University

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4:00

The quest for novel two-dimensional (2D) materials has led to the formation of hybrid heterostructures of graphene and other 2D atomic films with a variety of defects and boundaries. These defects and boundaries can break the lattice symmetry and are believed to have a major impact on the electronic properties, especially the transport behaviors in 2D materials. In this talk I will introduce our recent results on the study of two types of defect to illustrate how electronic and transport properties must be understood with a correlation to the atomic structures. The first type of defect is 1D boundary in hexagonal boron nitride (hBN) and graphene planar heterostructures, where a polar-on-nonpolar 1D interface is expected to possess peculiar electronic states associated with edge states of graphene and the polarity of hBN [1]. STM/STS measurements reveal a zigzag oriented boundary, showing boundary states about 0.6 eV below or above the Fermi level depending on the terminations of the hBN at the boundary [2]. Another type of defect is the monolayer-bilayer (ML-BL) boundaries in epitaxial graphene on SiC. By measuring the transport spectroscopy across individual ML-BL graphene boundaries with multi-probe scanning tunneling potentiometry, a greater voltage drop is observed when the current flows from bilayer to monolayer graphene than in the reverse direction, displaying an asymmetric electron transport upon bias polarity

- 1. L. Liu, et al., Science 343, 163 (2014).
- 2. J. Park et al., Nature Commun. 5, 5403 (2014).
- 4. K. W. Clark, et al., Phys. Rev. X 4, 011021 (2014).

Dr. An-Ping Li is a Senior Research Staff Member and a Theme Leader at the Center for Nanophase Materials (CNMS) of Oak Rdige National Laboratory (ORNL), with an Adjunct Professor appointment in the Department of Physics — Astronomy of The University of Tennessee. He obtained his PhD degree in Consended Matter Physics from Peking University in 1997. His research experience includes a Max-Planck-Society Fellowship in Max Planck Institute of Microstructure Physics, a visiting scientist appointment in Michigan State University, and a Senior R&D Scientist in Galian Photonics. He joined ORNL in 2002, first working on the Magnetic Semiconductor, and since 2005 he has been leading the Nanotransport research program in CNMS and — 2015 he has been appointed as the Theme Leader for Electron Scattering and Excitation in Low-Dimensional Materials. He has published more than 70 scientific papers that have been cited more than 4,000 times. His current research interest is electronic transport and excitations in nanostructured materials.