



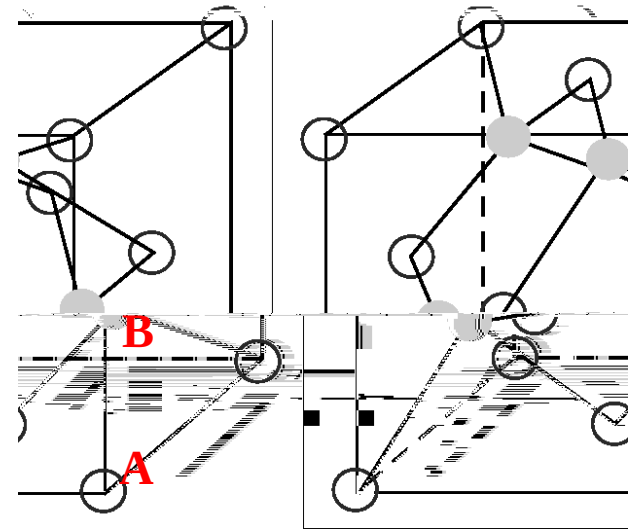


1

T_d

GaAs

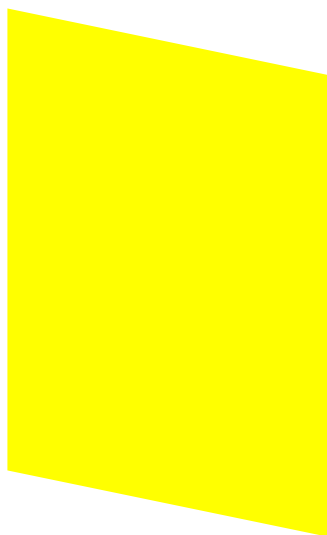
InP



Pockels

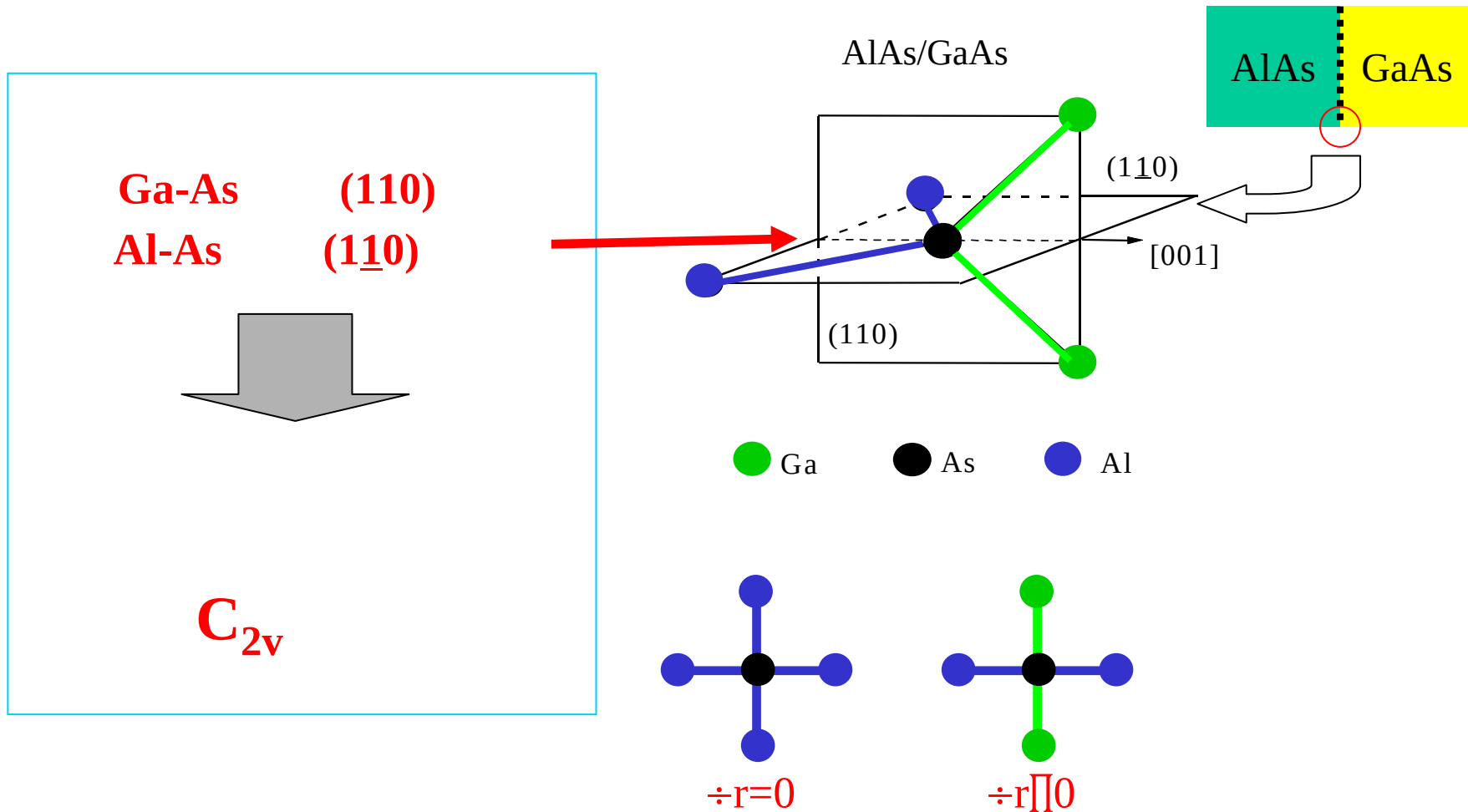
2

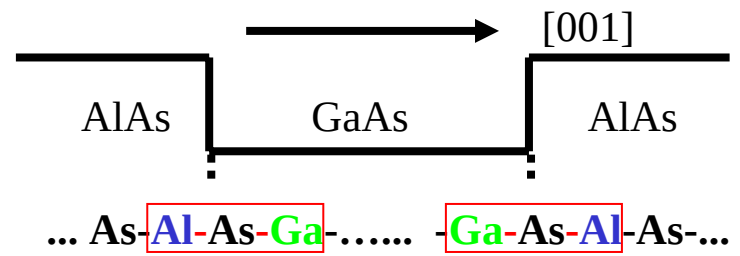
e_{xy} $[001]$ E_z



		GaAs
Ga	As	
	(110)	(1 $\bar{1}$ 0)
	Ga-As	
	C_{2v}	

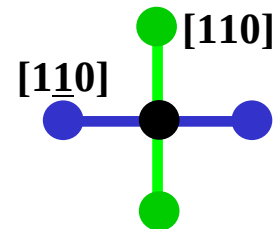
3



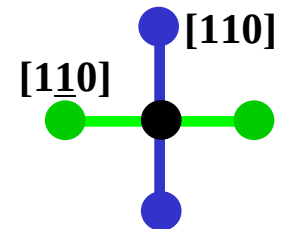


[110]

[110]



$\div r = p$



$\div r = -p$

C_{2v}



InGaAs/GaAs



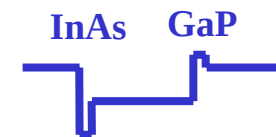
GaAs/AlGaAs $\oplus$ [110]



$\oplus$ [110]



InGaAs/InP



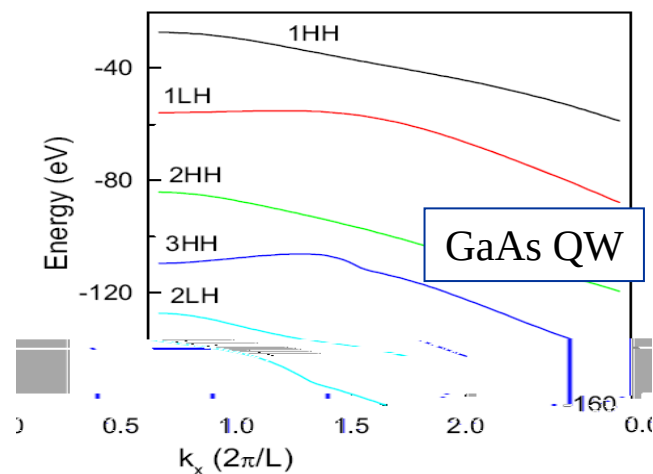
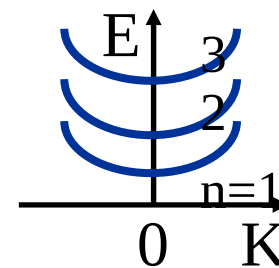
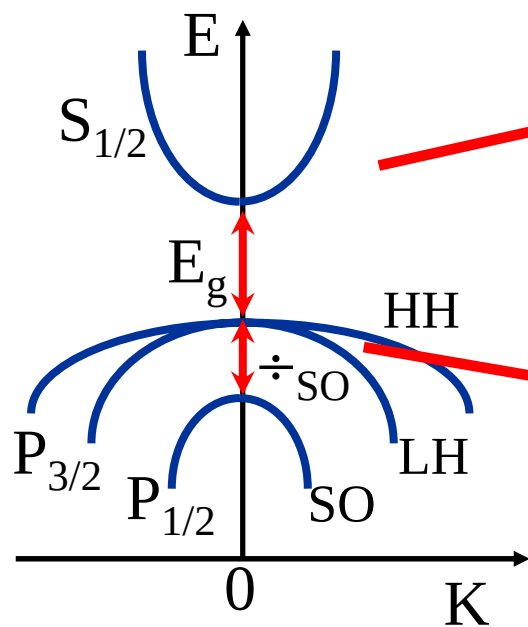


1 BIA: bulk inversion asymmetry T_d

2 FIA strain and electric field C_{2V}

3 SIA: structural inversion asymmetry C_{2V}

GaAs



1
2

1
2
3 K 0

C_{2v}



$E_z \quad e_{xy}$

T_d

$\Gamma_1: S \quad [1];$

$\Gamma_2: T_2 \quad [x^2 + y^2 + z^2, x^2 - y^2, x^2 + y^2 - 2z^2];$

; $\Gamma_3: (U, V) \quad [\sqrt{3}(x^2 - y^2), 2z^2 - x^2 - y^2]$

$\Gamma_4: (P, Q, R) \quad [l_x, l_y, l_z];$

$\Gamma_5: (X, Y, Z) \quad [x, y, z];$
 $\mathbf{k}, E(\quad), [\mathbf{e}_{yz}, \mathbf{e}_{zx}, \mathbf{e}_{xy}]$
 $\{\mathbf{j}_y \mathbf{j}_z\}, \{\mathbf{j}_z \mathbf{j}_x\}, \{\mathbf{j}_x \mathbf{j}_y\}$

$$\{\mathbf{j}_x \mathbf{j}_y\} = (\mathbf{j}_x \mathbf{j}_y + \mathbf{j}_y \mathbf{j}_x) / 2$$

T_d



TABLE I. Multiplication table for the components of the irreducible representations of T_d group. The components are defined in Eq. (4.1). This table is equivalent to that of coupling coefficients in G. F. Koster, J. O. Dimmock, R. G. Wheeler, and H. Statz, *Properties of Thirty-two Point Groups* (M.I.T., Cambridge, 1963).

S	SS'	TT'	$UU' \pm VV'$	$PP' \pm QQ' \pm RR'$	$XX' \pm YY' \pm ZZ'$	
T	ST'		$UV' - VU'$		$PX' + QY' + RZ'$	
U	SU'	$-TV'$	$UV' + VU'$	$\sqrt{3}(PP' - QQ')$	$2RZ' - PX' - QY'$	$\sqrt{3}(XX' - YY')$
V	SV'	TU'	$UU' - VV'$	$2RR' - PP' - QQ'$	$\sqrt{3}(QY' - PX')$	$2ZZ' - XX' - YY'$
P	SP'	TX'	$(\sqrt{3}U - V)P'$	$QR' - RQ'$	$QZ' + RY'$	$YZ' - ZY'$
Q	SQ'	TY'	$-(\sqrt{3}U + V)Q'$	$RP' - PR'$	$RX' + PZ'$	$ZX' - XZ'$
R	SR'	TZ'	$2VR'$	$PQ' - QP'$	$PY' + QX'$	$XY' - YX'$
X	SX'	TP'	$-(\sqrt{3}V + U)P'$	$QR' + RQ'$	$QZ' - RY'$	$YZ' + ZY'$
Y	SY'	TQ'	$(\sqrt{3}V - U)Q'$	$RP' + PR'$	$RX' - PZ'$	$ZX' + XZ'$
Z	SZ'	TR'	$2UR'$	$PQ' + QP'$	$PY' - QX'$	$XY' + YX'$

$R \quad R'$

ρ

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (k_y^2 - k_z^2)k_x \\
 & (k_z^2 - k_x^2)k_y \\
 & (k_x^2 - k_y^2)k_z
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \{j_y j_z\} \\
 & \{j_z j_x\} \\
 & \{j_x j_y\}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \{\omega_y \omega_z\} \\
 & \{\omega_z \omega_x\} \\
 & \{\omega_x \omega_y\}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$H = H_0 + A \cdot B$$

$$H' = eE_z z$$

$$\mathbf{e} \cdot \mathbf{E}$$

0

$$\begin{pmatrix} \omega_y \omega_z \\ \omega_z \omega_x \\ \omega_x \omega_y \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} E_x \\ E_y \\ E_z \end{pmatrix}$$

$$1) H' = aE_z(\omega_x k_y - \omega_y k_x)$$

Rashba

$$(\mathbf{k} \times \mathbf{E}) \cdot \boldsymbol{\omega}$$

$$2) H' = b\rho \cdot \boldsymbol{\omega} + \eta(\omega_x k_x - \omega_y k_y)$$

Dresshaus

$$\rho \cdot \boldsymbol{\omega}$$

$$E_z$$

$$\mathbf{e}_{xy}, P_1(z - z_0)$$

$$H' = cE_z \{j_x j_y\}$$

$$E_z$$

$$e_{xy}, Pl(z-z_0)$$

$$\begin{matrix} \{j_y j_z\} \\ \{j_z j_x\} \\ \{j_x j_y\} \end{matrix} \cdot \begin{matrix} E_x \\ E_y \\ E_z \end{matrix}$$

Rashba Dresshauss

H'

$$H' = dJ \cdot \omega$$

hole mixing
spin splitting



-
-



hole mixing effect

K 0



$|3/2, 3/2\rangle$ $|3/2, -1/2\rangle$ $|3/2, 1/2\rangle$ $|3/2, -3/2\rangle$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \textcircled{R} \\ \textcircled{C} \\ \textcircled{C} \\ \textcircled{C} \\ \textcircled{C} \\ \textcircled{TM} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} H_{hh}(z) & 0 & 0 \\ & H_{lh}(z) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & H_{lh}(z) \\ & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ & 0 & H_{hh}(z) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \textcircled{R} \\ \textcircled{C} \\ \textcircled{C} \\ \textcircled{C} \\ \textcircled{C} \\ \textcircled{TM} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_{hh}(z) \\ \lambda_{lh}(z) \\ \lambda_{lh}(z) \\ \lambda_{lh}(z) \\ \lambda_{hh}(z) \end{pmatrix} \Big| E \begin{pmatrix} \textcircled{R} \\ \textcircled{C} \\ \textcircled{C} \\ \textcircled{C} \\ \textcircled{C} \\ \textcircled{TM} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_{hh}(z) \\ \lambda_{lh}(z) \\ \lambda_{lh}(z) \\ \lambda_{lh}(z) \\ \lambda_{hh}(z) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$H_{hh}(z)\lambda_{hh}(z) \mid E\lambda_{hh}(z) \quad \text{for} \quad |3/2, \partial 3/2\rangle$$

$$H_{lh}(z)\lambda_{lh}(z) \mid E\lambda_{lh}(z) \quad \text{for} \quad |3/2, \partial 1/2\rangle$$

$$\Phi_{hh} \mid \lambda_{nhh}(z) \mid 3/2, \partial 3/2\rangle$$

$$\Phi_{lh} \mid \lambda_{mlh}(z) \mid 3/2, \partial 1/2\rangle$$

(

K 0



$$H \mid H_0 \quad 2 F(z) \hat{J}_x \hat{J}_y \in$$

$$\mathbf{e}_{xy}, \mathbf{E}_z, \mathbf{P}_1(z-z_0)$$

$$H(z) \mid \begin{array}{cc|cc} \textcircled{R} & H_{hh} & iF(z) & 0 & 0 \\ \textcircled{C} & 4 iF(z) & H_{lh} & 0 & 0 \\ \textcircled{C} & 0 & 0 & H_{lh} & iF(z) \\ \textcircled{C} & 0 & 0 & 4 iF(z) & H_{hh} \end{array}$$

$$H_{hh}(z) \lambda_{hh}(z) \quad 2 iF(z) \lambda_{lh}(z) \mid E \lambda_{hh}(z)$$

$$H_{lh}(z) \lambda_{lh}(z) \quad 4 iF(z) \lambda_{hh}(z) \mid E \lambda_{lh}(z)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Phi_{nh} &= \lambda_{nh}(z) \left| 3/2, \partial 3/2 \right\rangle 2i\zeta \lambda_{ml}(z) \left| 3/2, \mp 1/2 \right\rangle \\ \Phi_{mh} &= \lambda_{ml}(z) \left| 3/2, \mp 1/2 \right\rangle 2i\zeta \lambda_{nh}(z) \left| 3/2, \partial 3/2 \right\rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$\zeta^2 |E_{nh} - 4E_{ml}|/2$$

$$\zeta = \frac{\left| \lambda_{nh}(z) F(z) \lambda_{ml}(z) dz \right|}{|E_{nh} - 4E_{ml}|} \quad \mathbf{1}$$



1
2
3
4

XY

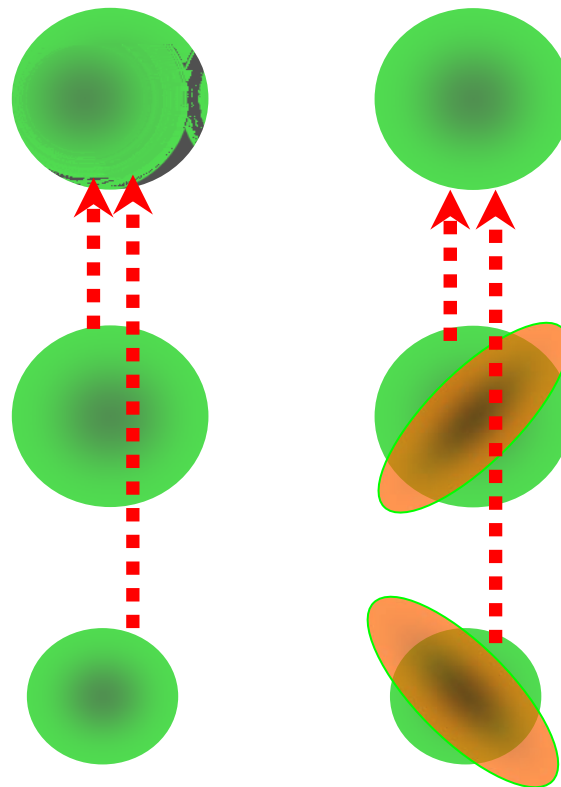
$|s\rangle$

$|3/2, 3/2\rangle$

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(X \pm iY)|0\rangle \Rightarrow$

$|3/2, \pm 1/2\rangle$

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}(\Psi_X \pm i\Psi_Y)|0\rangle \Rightarrow 2Z \Leftrightarrow \beta$

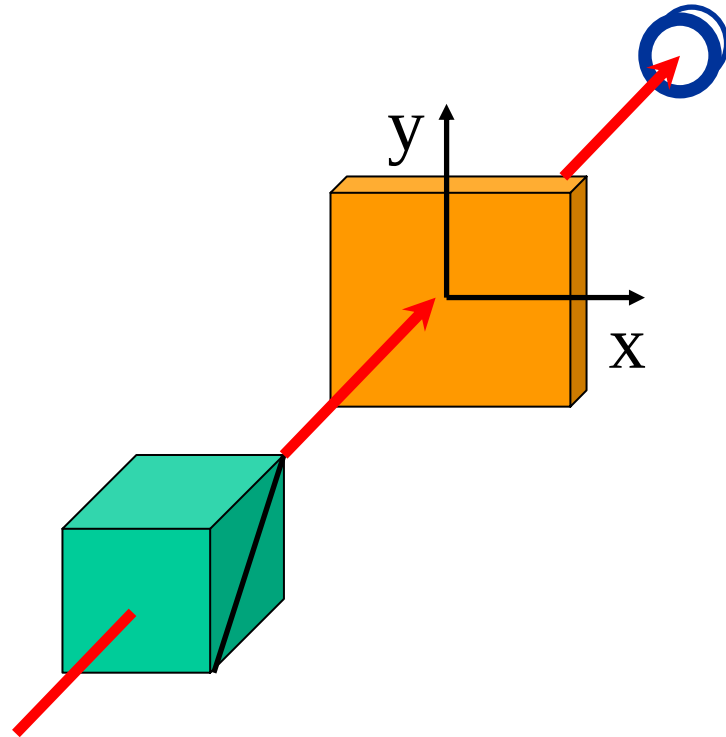


$f(r) \propto \zeta_{XY}$

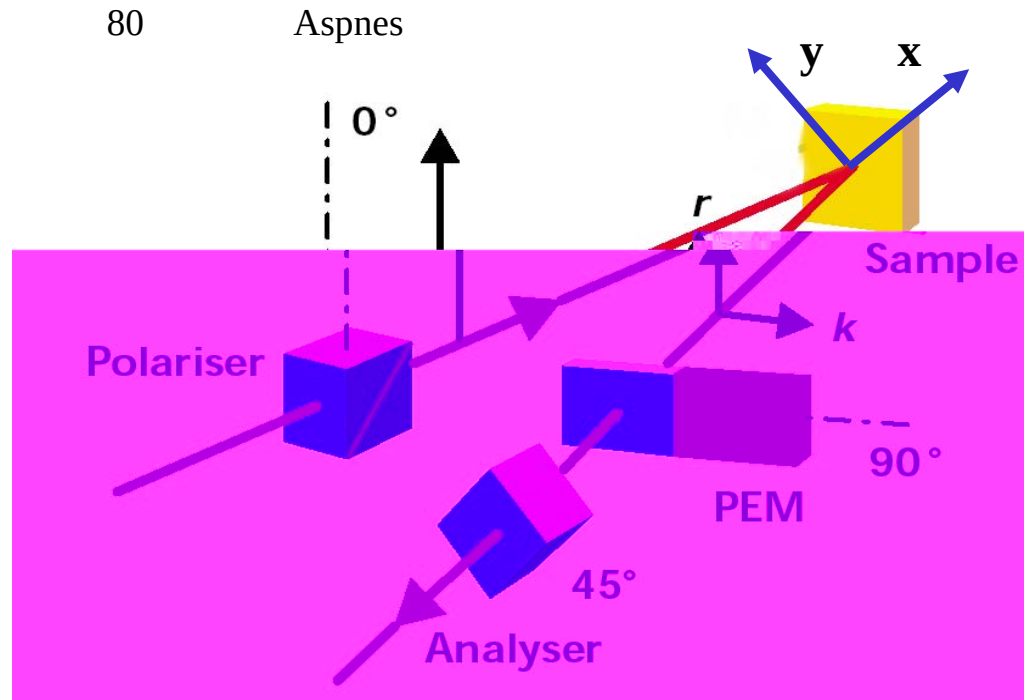
$g(r) \propto \zeta_{XY}$

$$P \mid \frac{I_x 4 I_y}{I_x 2 I_y}$$

5



reflectance difference spectroscopy (RDS)



$$\Delta r/r = 2(r_x - r_y)/(r_x + r_y)$$

10^{-5}

RDS

RDS

SCI

RDS



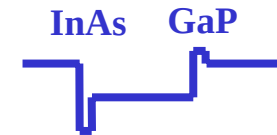
InGaAs/GaAs



GaAs/AlGaAs



InGaAs/InP



GaAs/AlGaAs ———

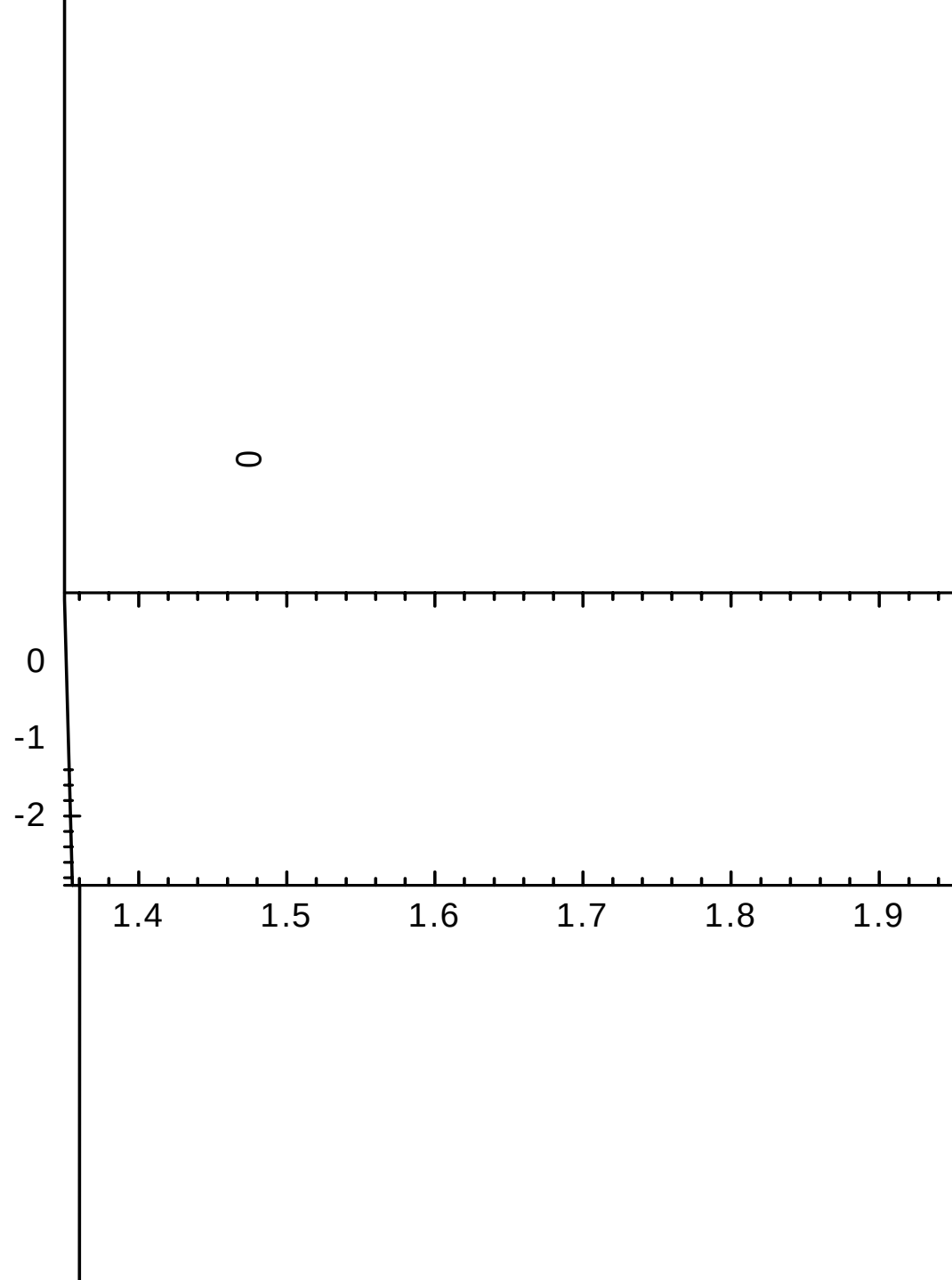
InGaAs/GaAs ——— In

InGaAs/InP ———

GaNAs/GaAs , GeSi/Si

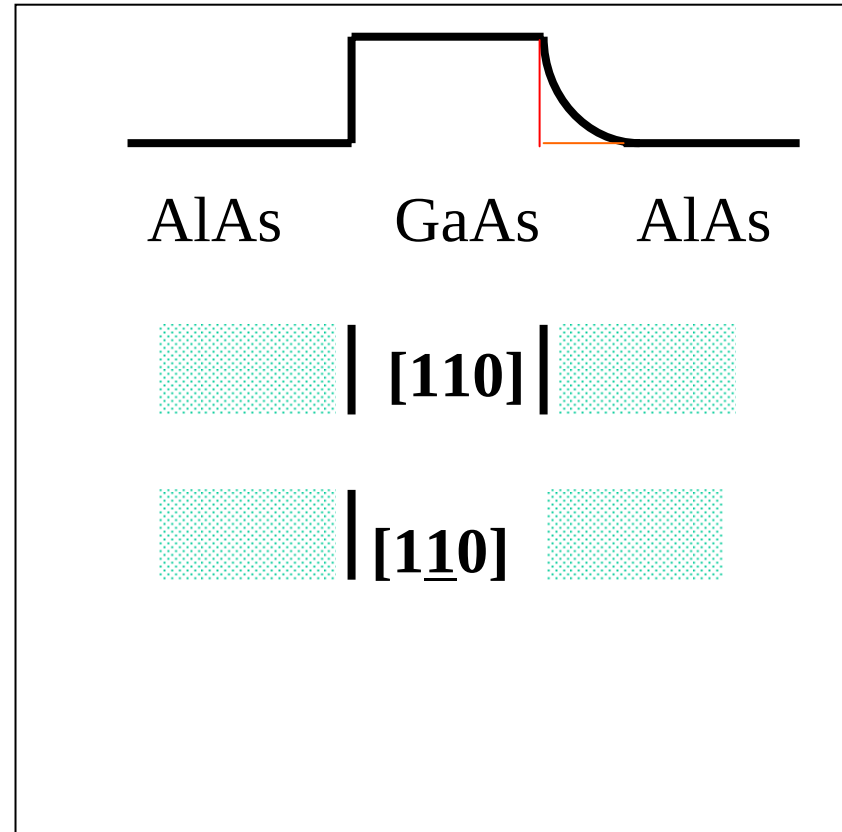
InAs/GaAs

InAs

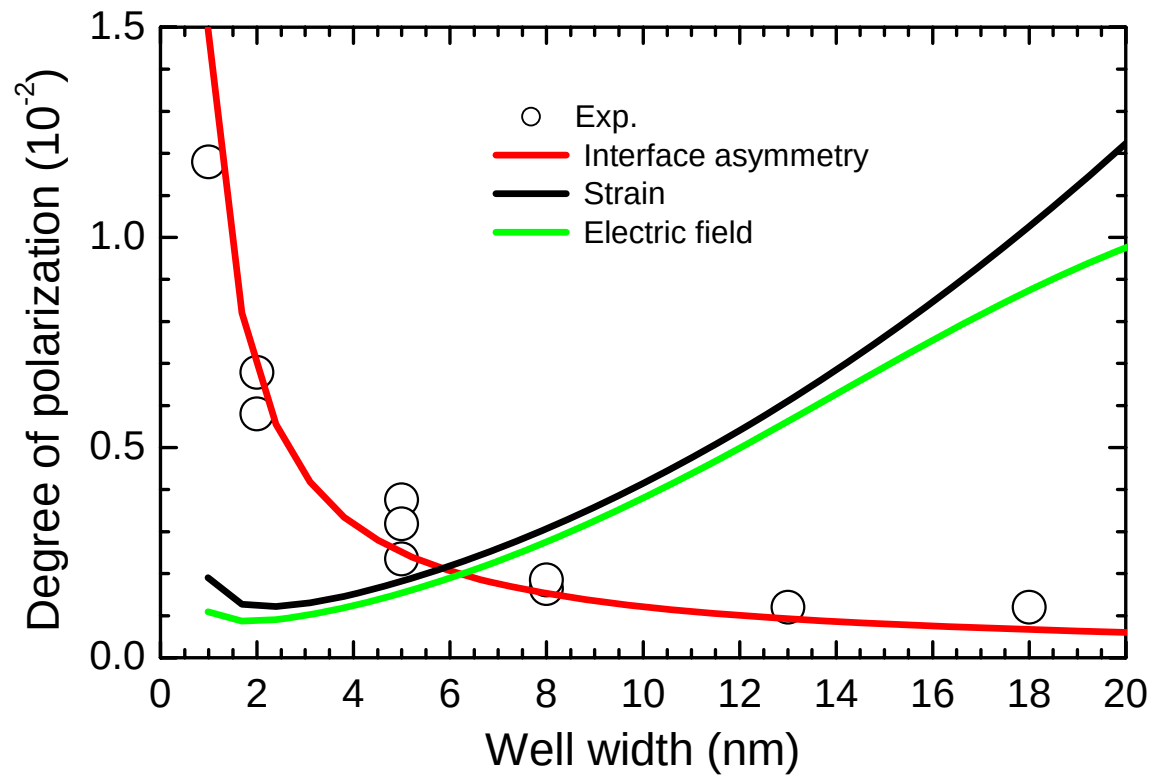


GaAs/AlGaAs

Ga



$$P_1 \exp\left(-\frac{z^2}{2w^2}\right) + \frac{P_2}{l} \exp\left(-\frac{z^2}{2w^2}\right) N\left(\frac{z}{w}\right)$$





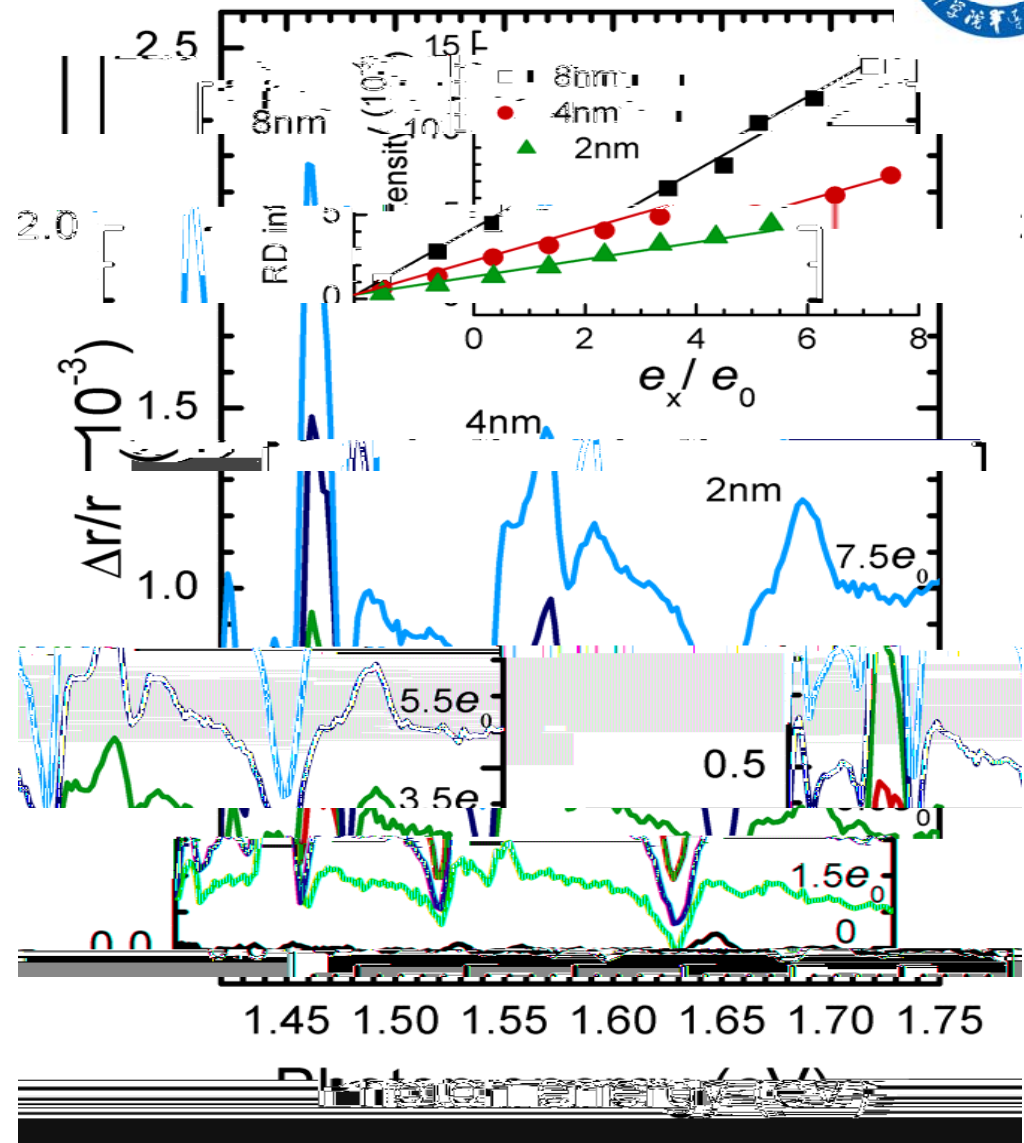
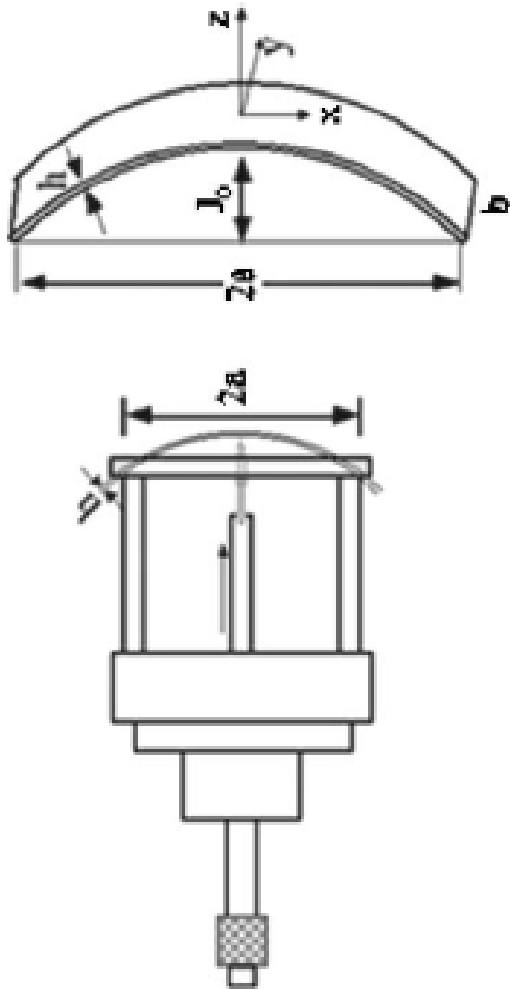
():

$$\frac{\langle 1H | F(z) | 1L \rangle}{\div E}$$

$$\div E \nabla 1/w^2$$

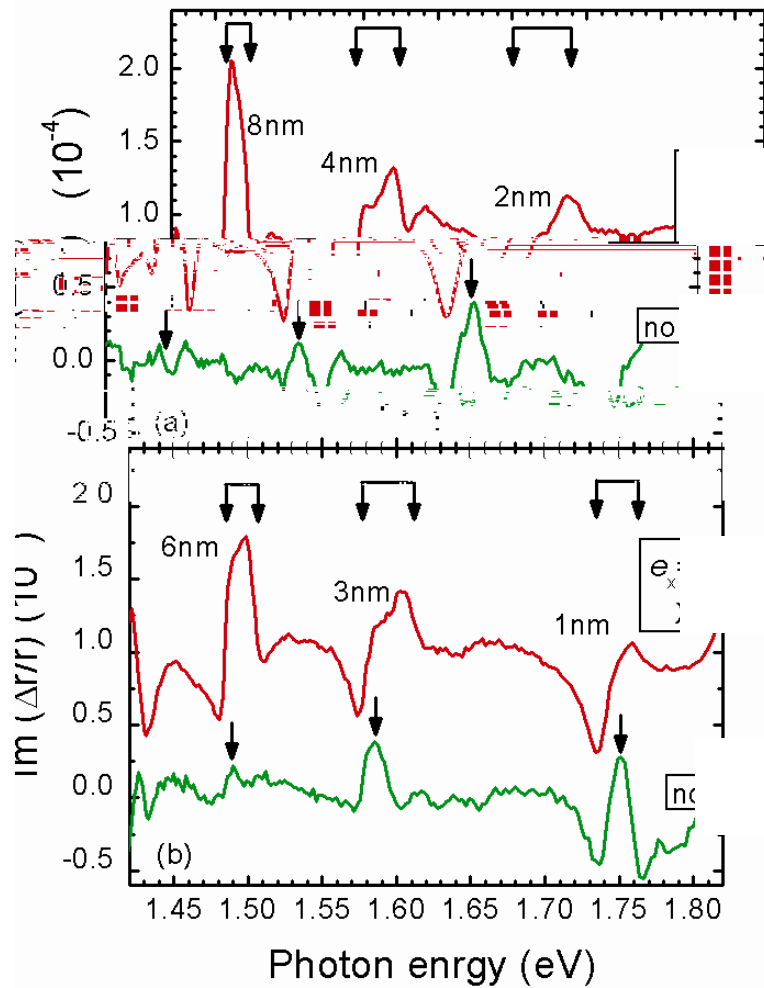
$$\langle 1H | F(z) | 1L \rangle$$

$$e_{xy}, E_z$$



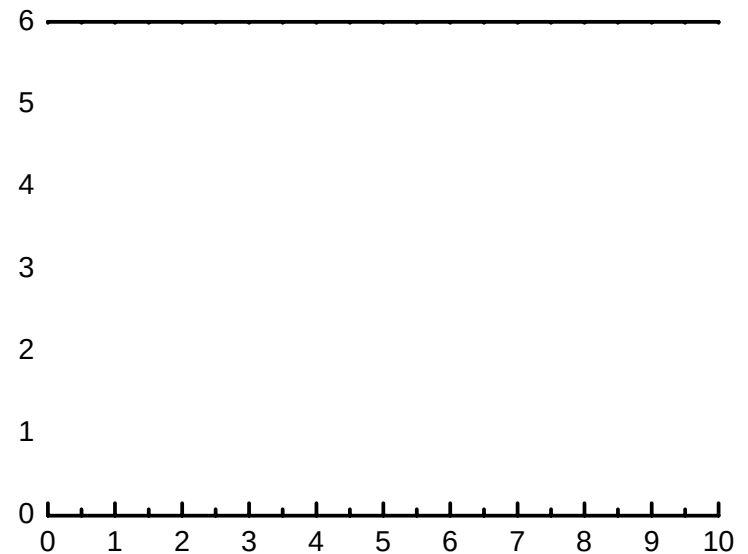
GaAs/AlGaAs

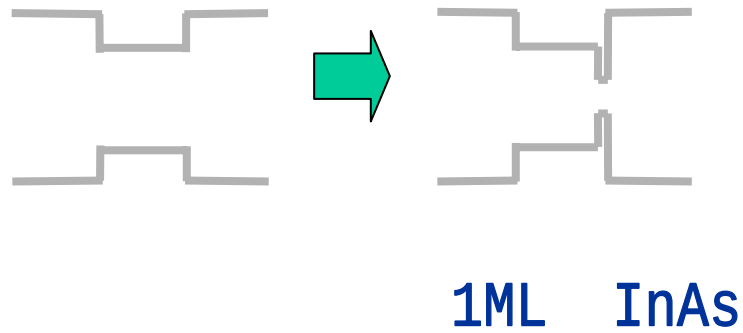
RDS



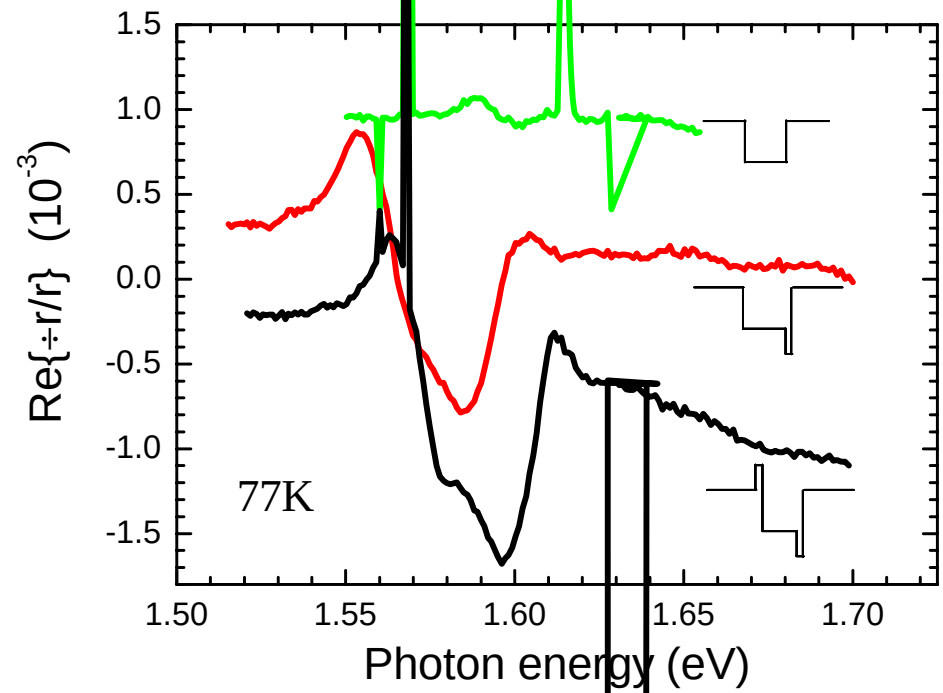
GaAs/AlGaAs

RDS





GaAs/AlGaAs



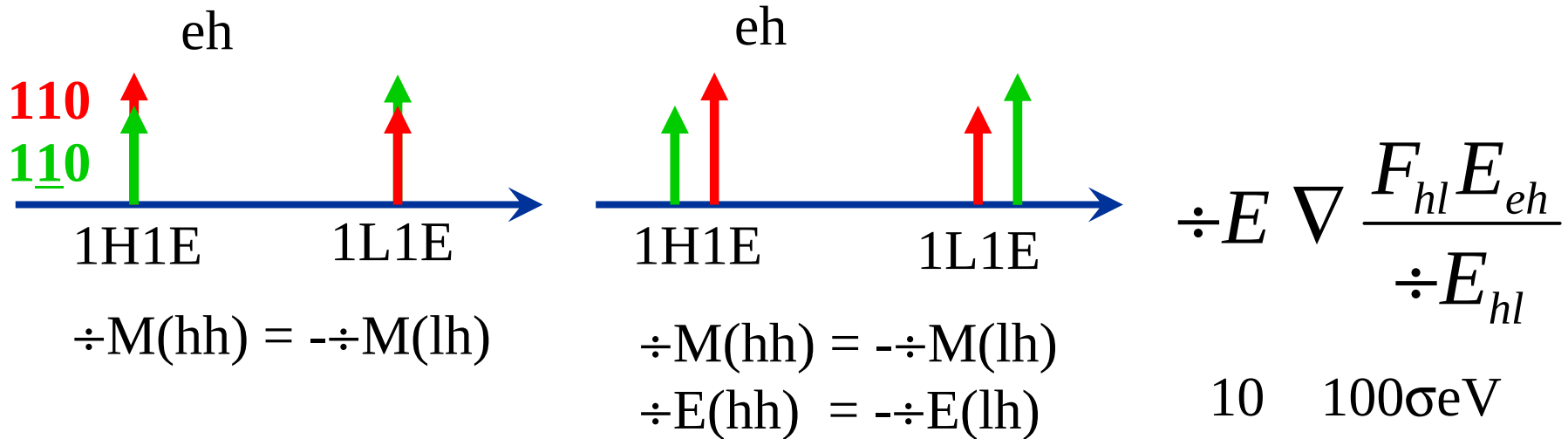


C_{2v}



$$H' \mid a \vec{J} \vec{\omega} 2 F(z)'' J_x J_y \epsilon$$

1H 1L





C_{2v}



ODMR II GaAs/AlAs

I

RDS

$\div K_s$

K_s

:

$$\Delta \varepsilon_s = -\Delta E_s \frac{d\varepsilon_s}{dE} + 2P_s \varepsilon_s$$

$$2 \operatorname{Re} \left[\frac{\div r}{r} \right] \mid 4 \div E_s \frac{d \ln R}{dE} 2 P_s \frac{\div R}{R}$$

RDS

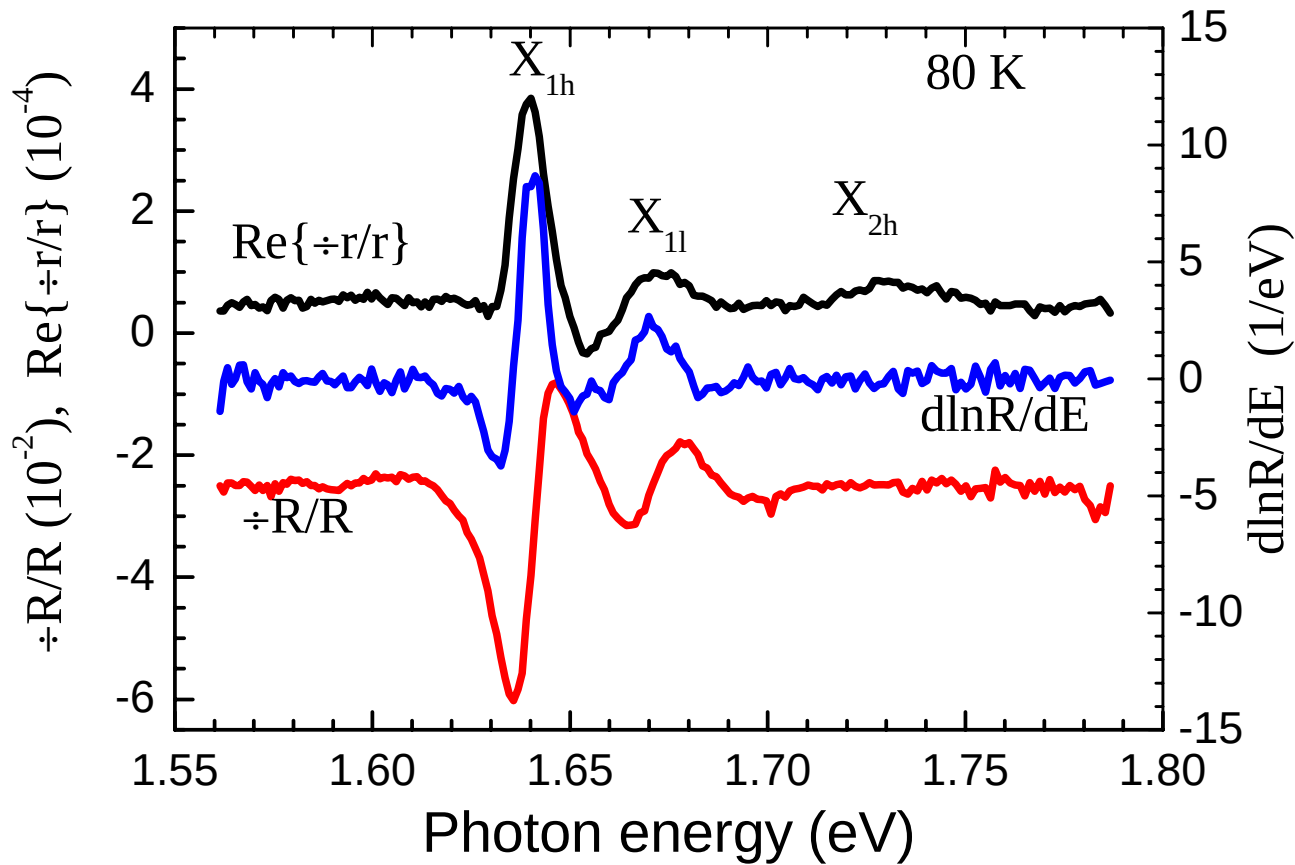
$\div E_s$

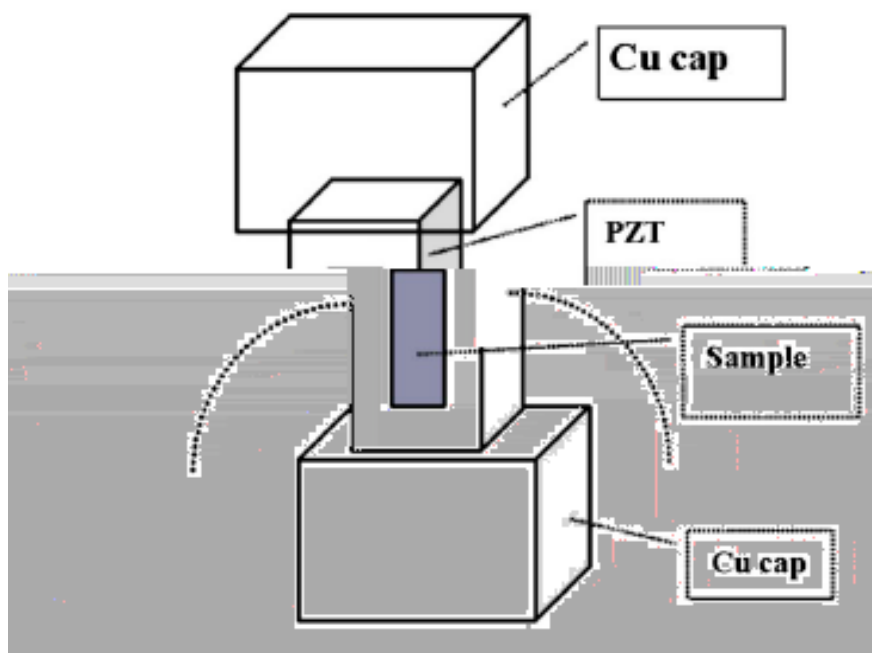
P_s

I

5nm-GaAs/Al_{0.36}Ga_{0.64}As

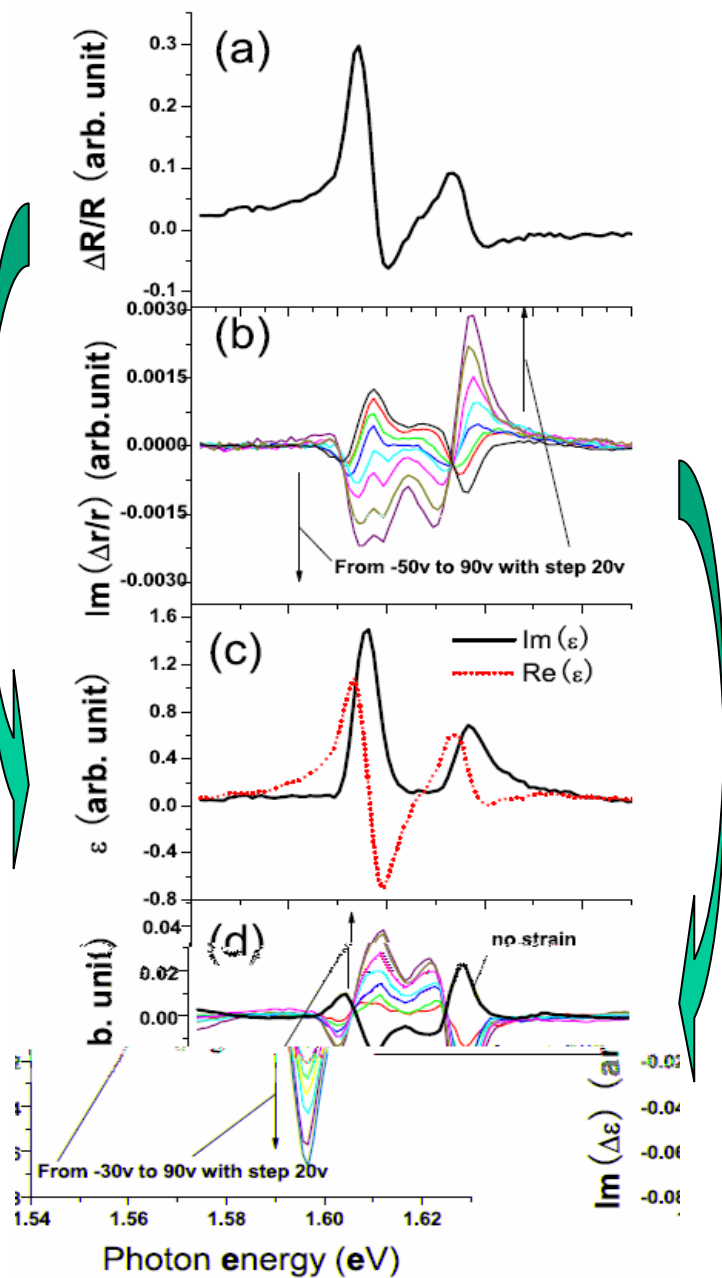
$\div E = 64 \sigma \text{eV}$; $P = 0.008$





80K

RDS



RDS

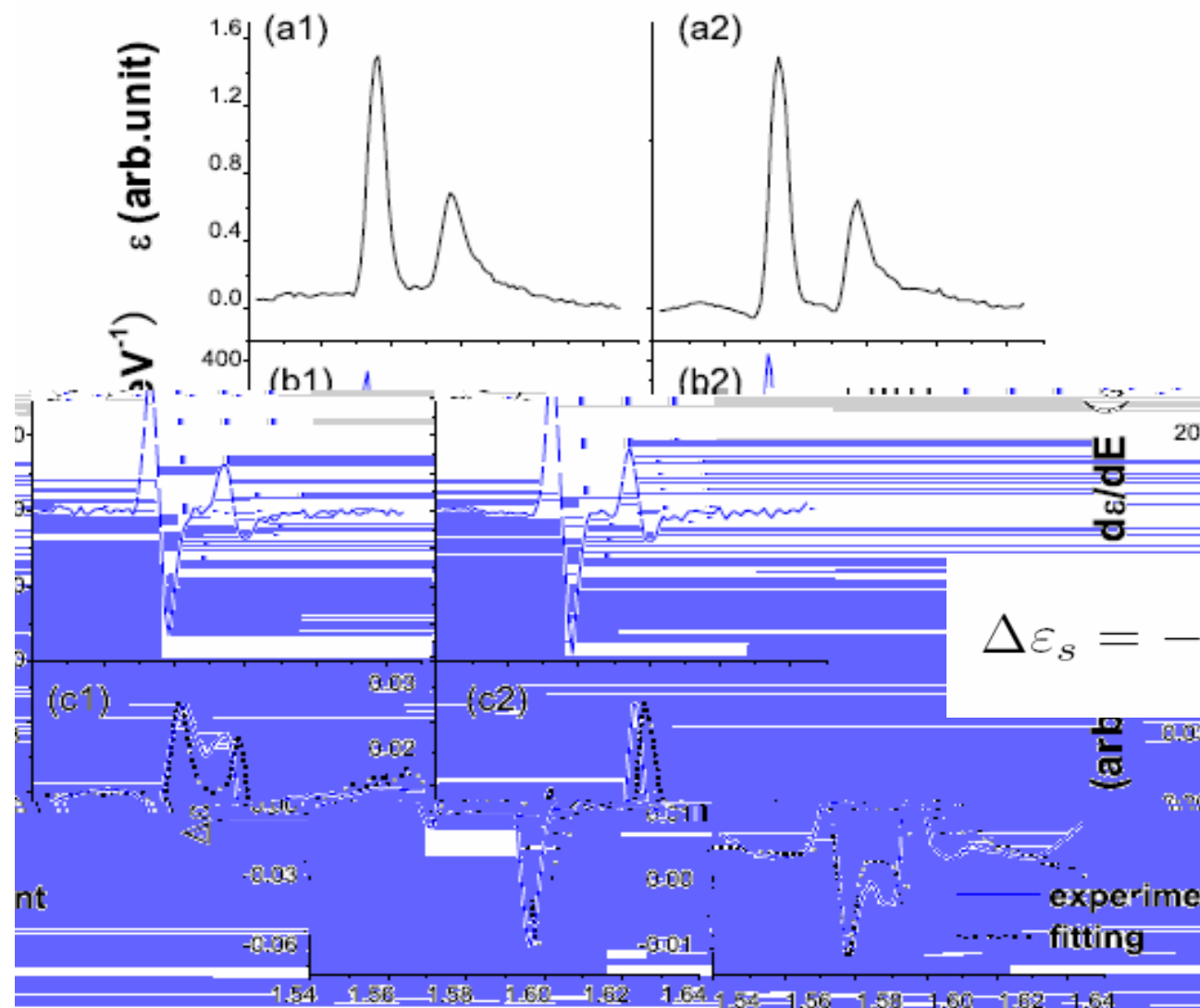
QW

QW

$$\Delta \epsilon_s = -\Delta E_s \frac{d\epsilon_s}{dE} + 2P_s \epsilon_s$$

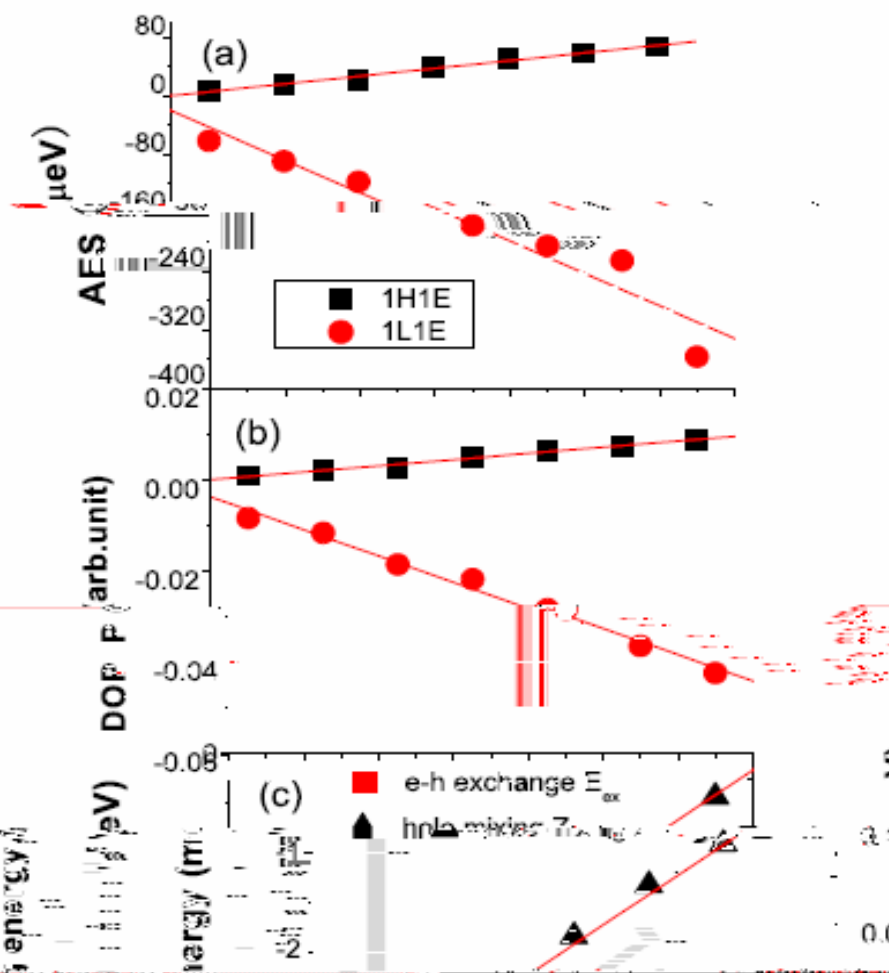
Bias: 90V

no strain



$$\Delta\varepsilon_s = -\Delta E_s \frac{d\varepsilon_s}{dE} + 2P_s \varepsilon_s$$

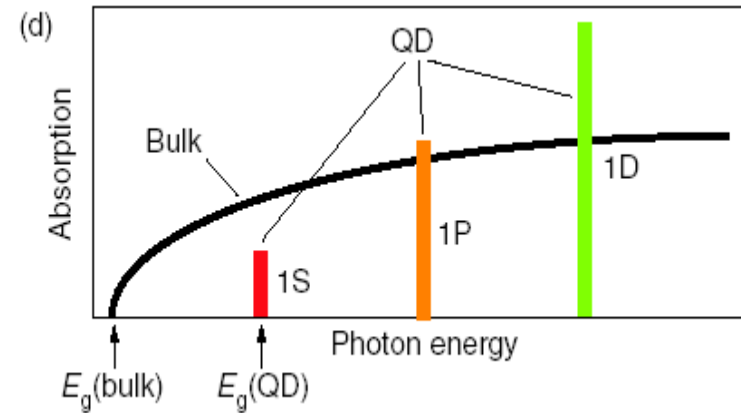
Photon energy(eV)



InAs/GaAs



•



•

•

QD

•

QD

•

QD

•

QD

•

SK

QDs

,

,

(WL)

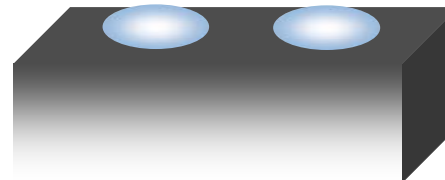
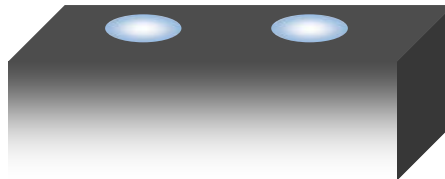
3D

FM



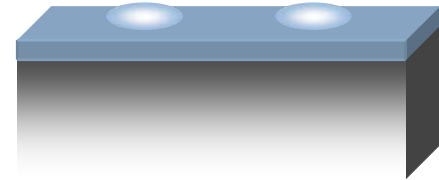
2D growth

VW

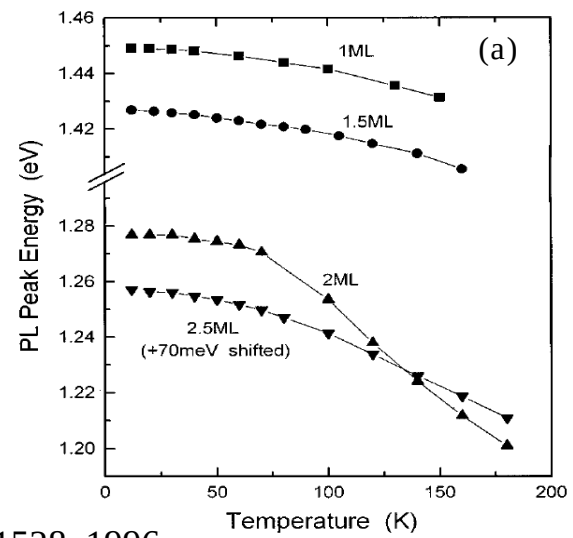


3D growth

SK



2D-3D growth



Phys. Rev. B 54, 11528, 1996

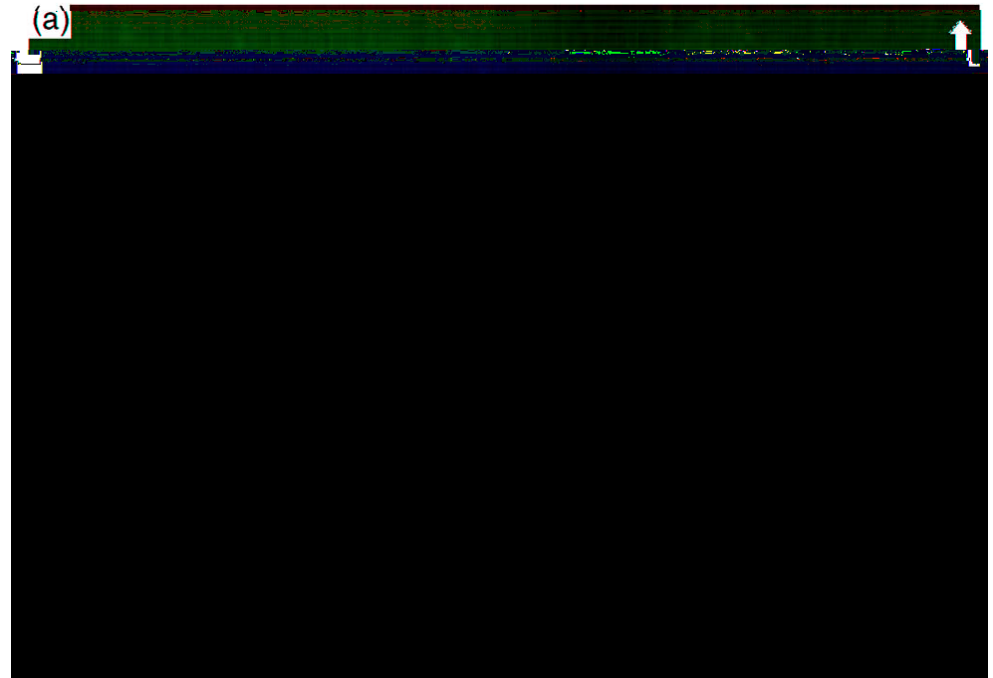
: WL QD

WL?



- **XSTM**

InAs WLs can be directly characterized by cross-sectional scanning tunneling microscopy.

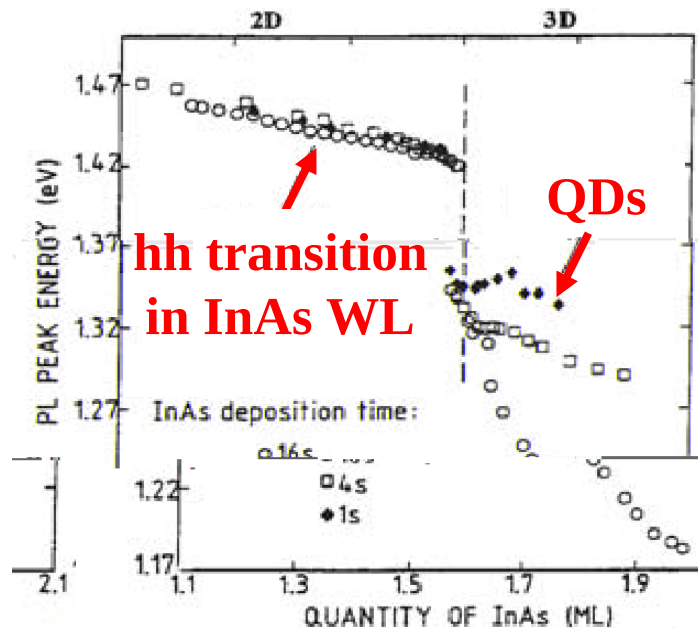


APL. **87**, 111903 2005

:

Photoluminescence

Usually hh is observable before QD formation

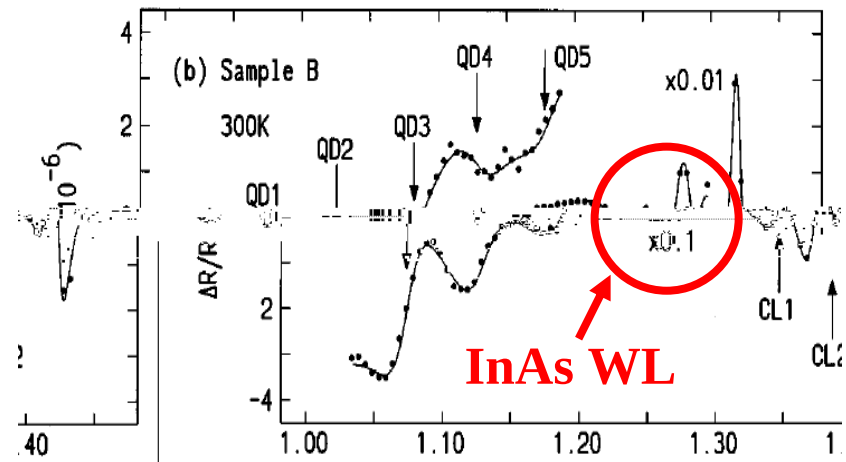


J Crystal Growth 150, 351(1995)

WL

Photoreflectance

Both hh and lh are observed, but interfered with E_g signal



Appl. Phys. Lett. 73, 3268(1998)

RDS

InAs/GaAs QD

InAs QD

——

InAs

•In

RDS

•GaAs

InAs

•RDS

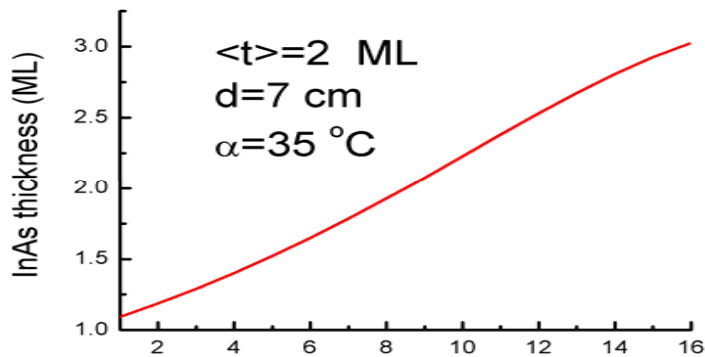
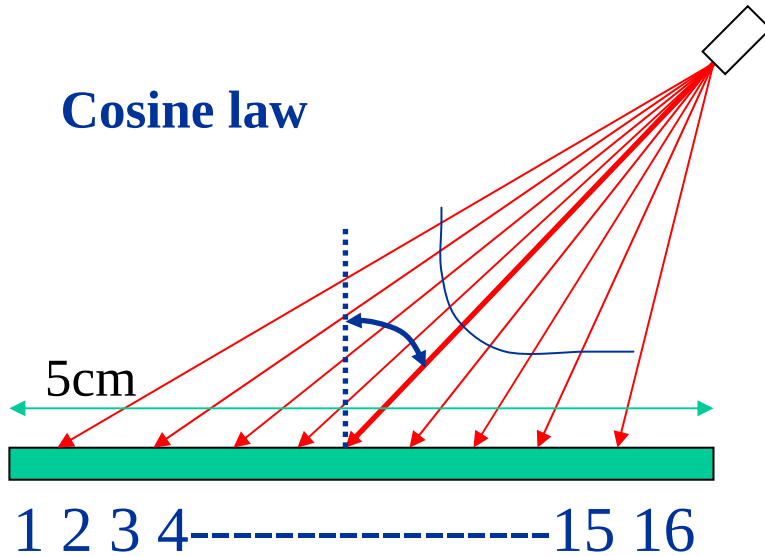
In

——**In**

——

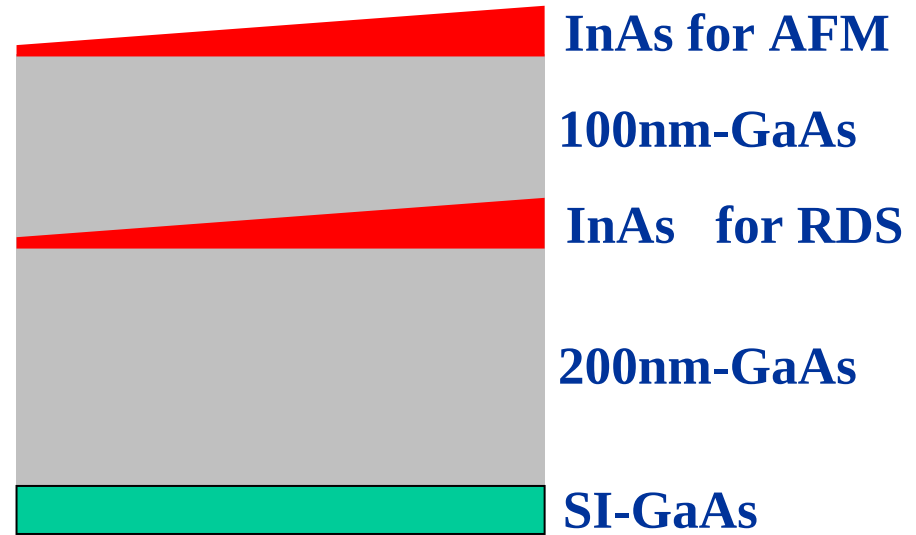
•

Cosine law



2

In



$\langle t \rangle$,
 2.0ML 530°C , 0.008ML/s

QDs WL

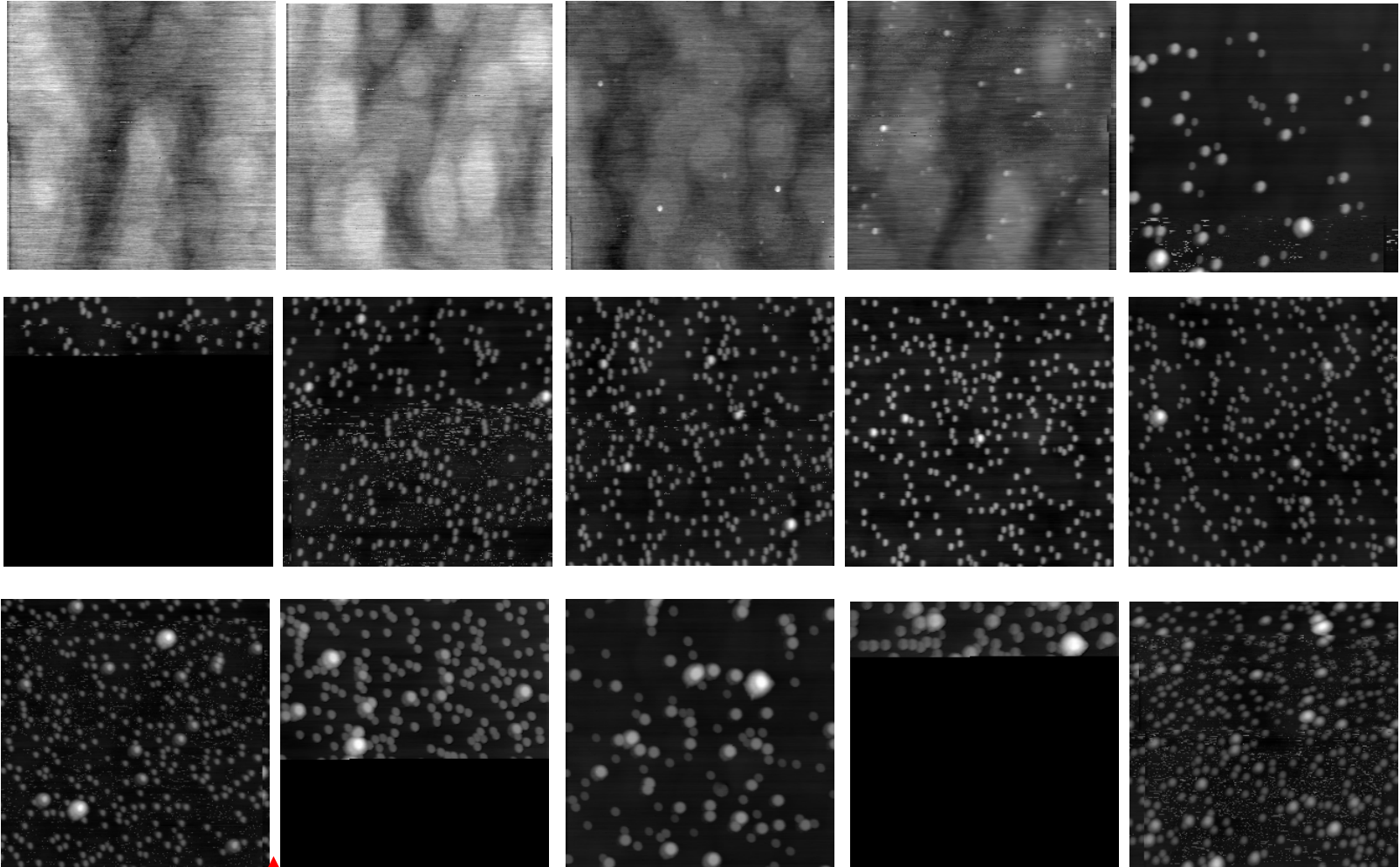
AFM images

2 2 σ m

FM growth



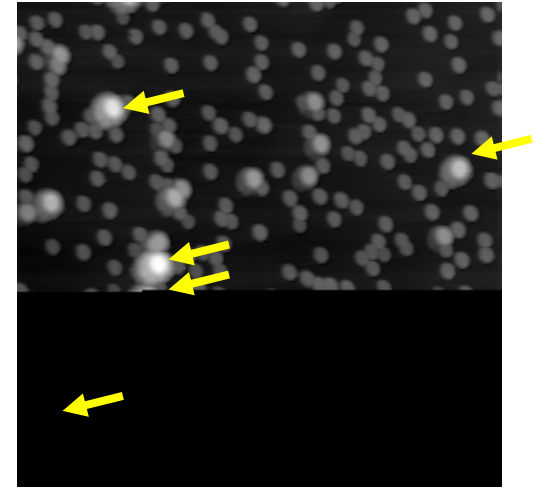
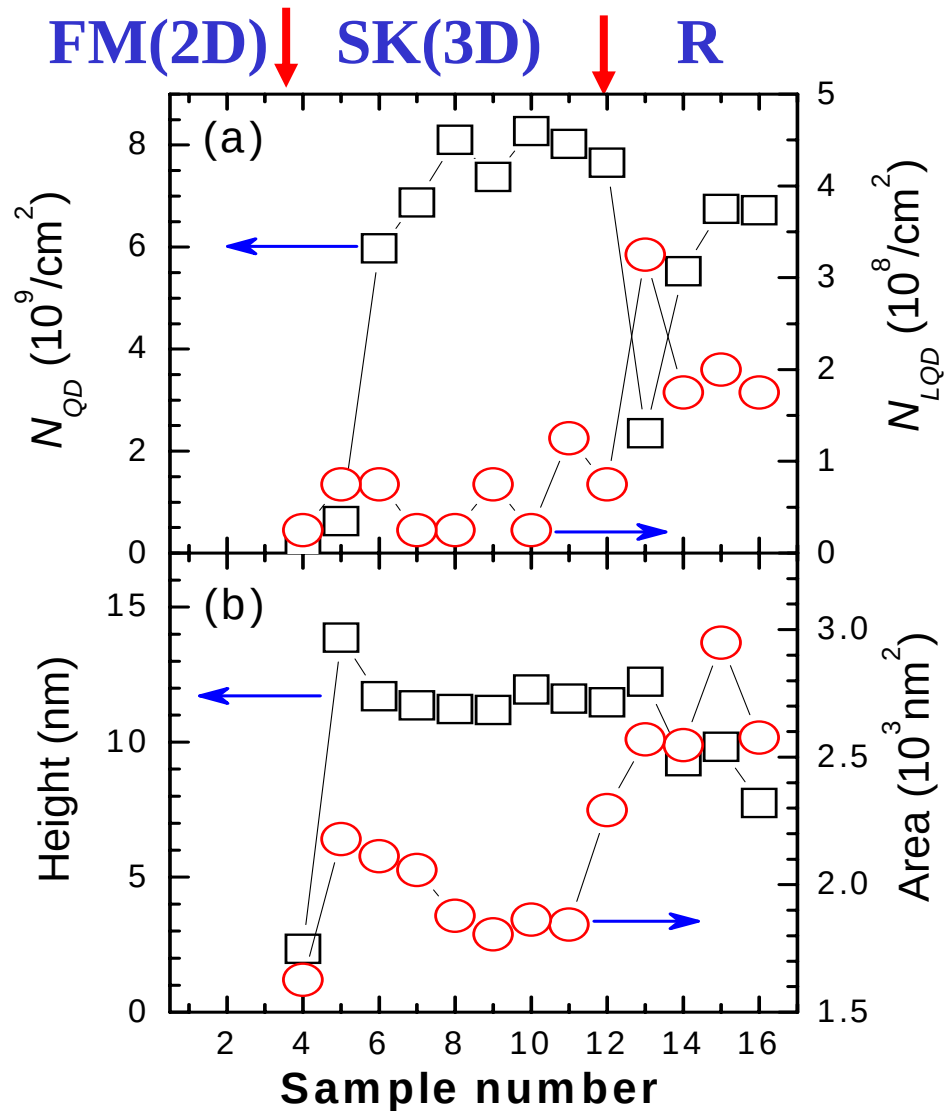
SK growth



Ripening

InAs: 530°C, 0.008ML/s

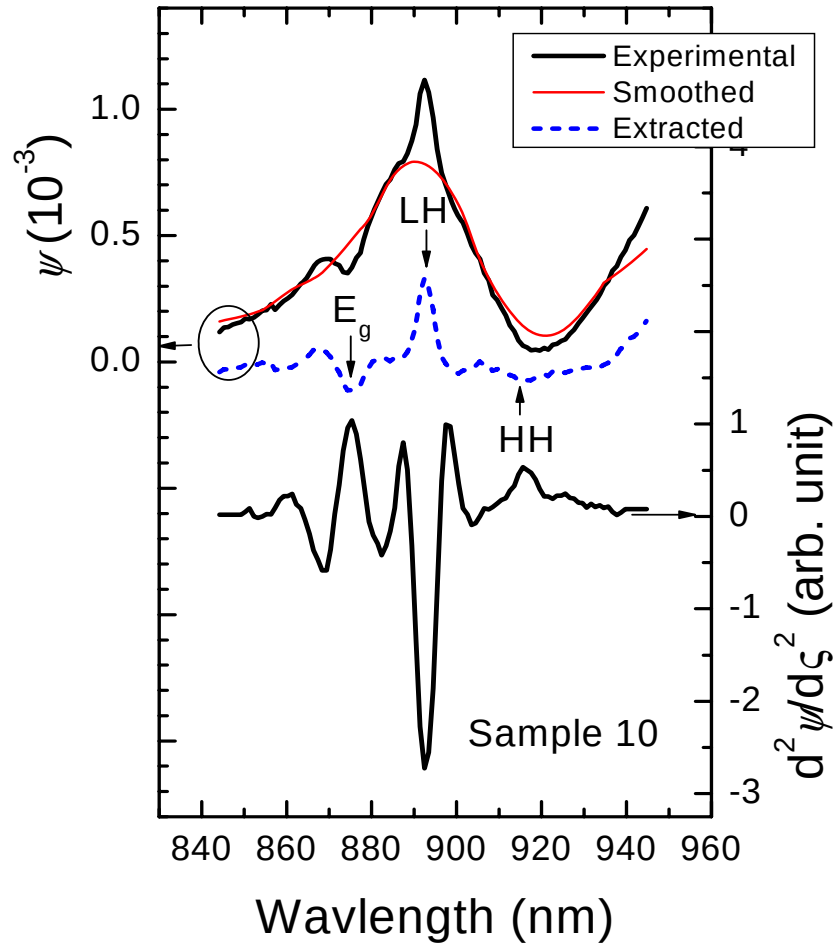
AFM results



9-16: Huge dots
2 times larger in sizes

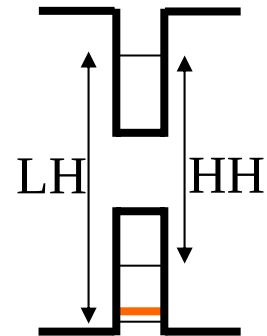
RDS

10th

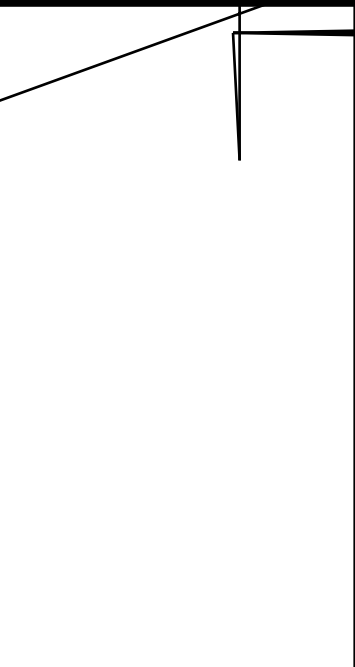


WL as a thin QW

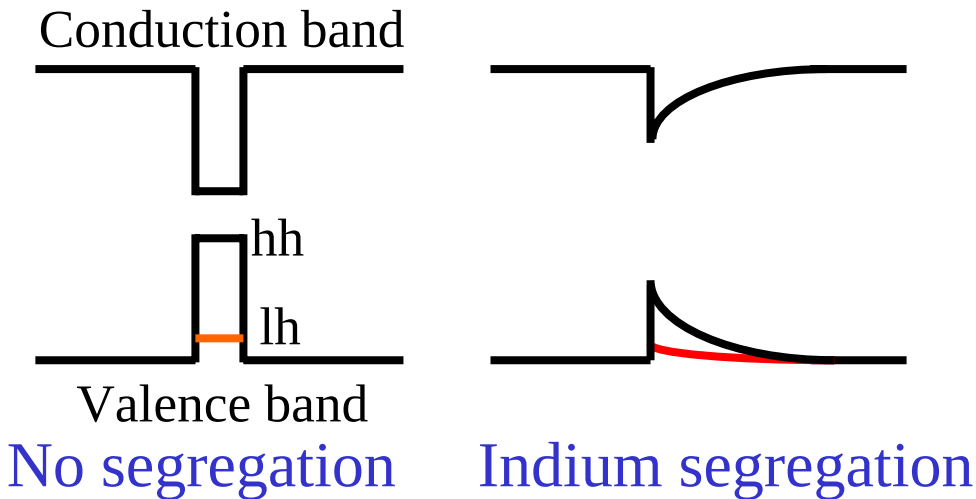
Conduction band



Valence band



1) In



Indium composition distribution

$$X_{In} = \begin{cases} 0 & z \leq 0 \\ \frac{t_{WL}}{l} \exp(4z/l) & z > 0 \end{cases}$$

t_{WL} : InAs amount in WL
 l : segregation length

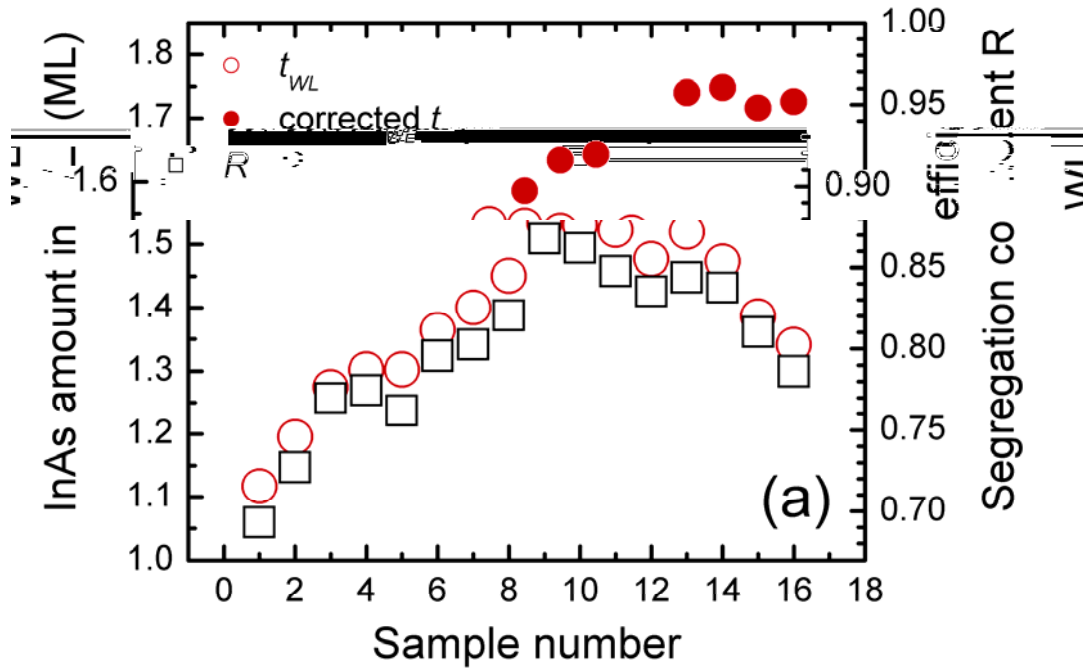
2) : binding energies for hh and lh

3)

$$E_{hh}, E_{lh} \propto t_{WL}, l$$

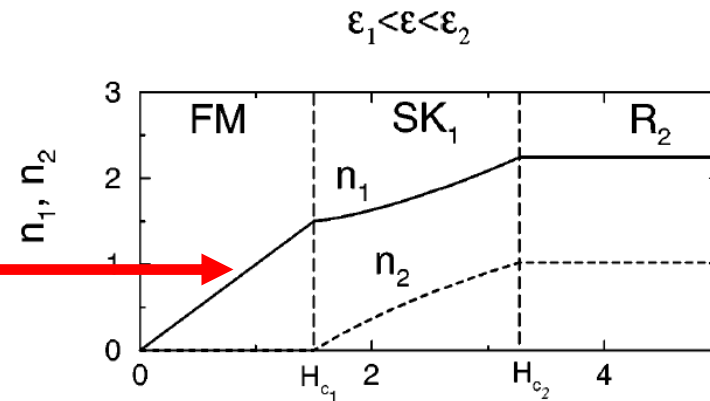
InAs

In



Phys. Rev. Lett. 79, 3708 (1997)

InAs WL



In

InAs

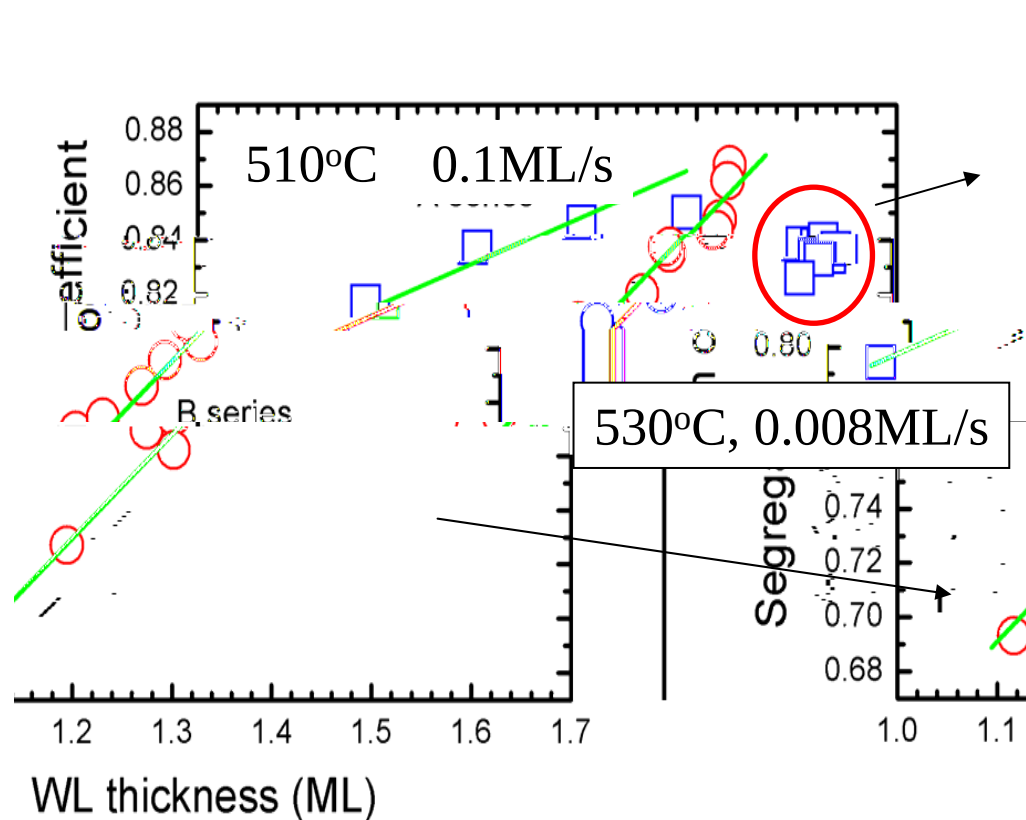
QD

In

In

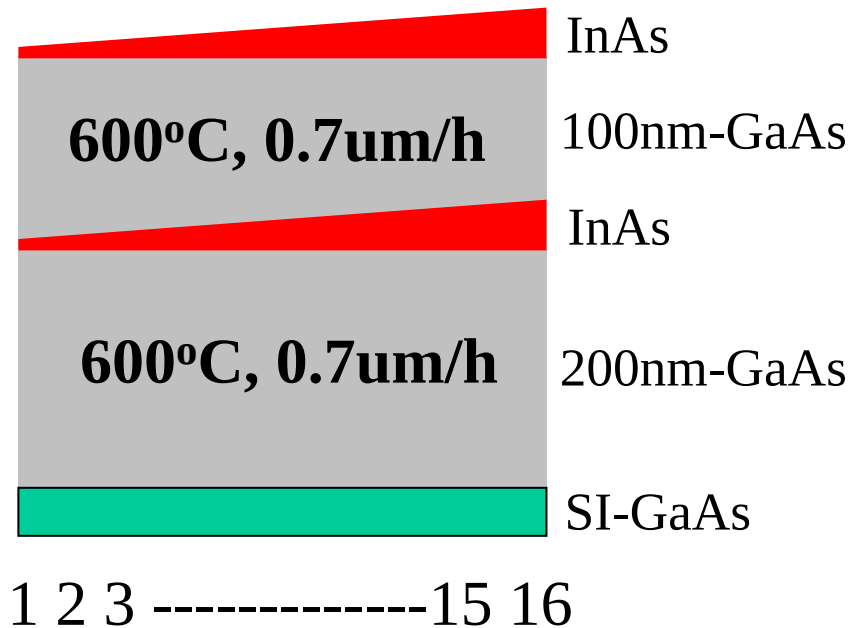
Ga

In



Segregation coefficient varies linearly with the InAs amount in WL before SK growth: **strain as driven force!**

2D 3D

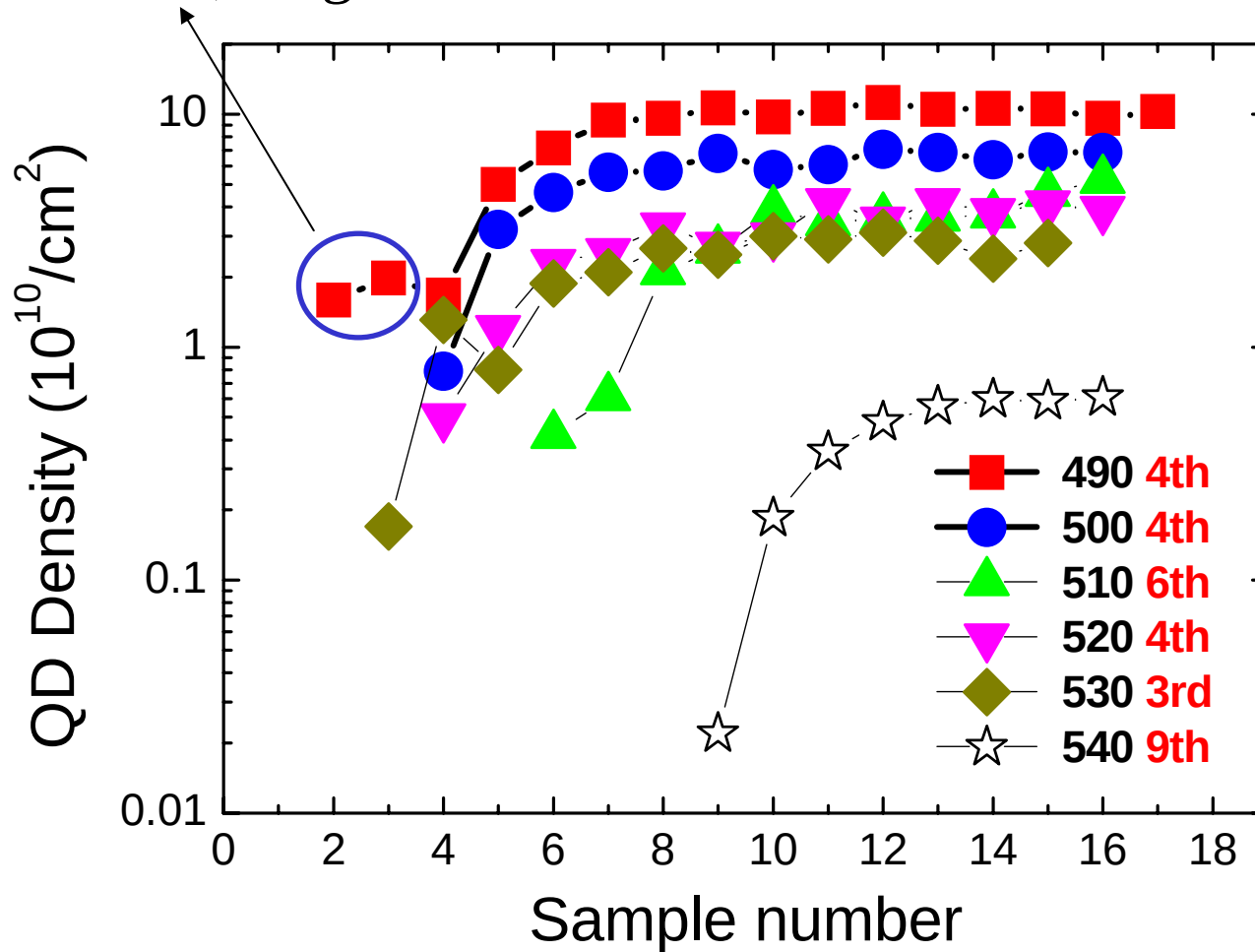


<t>	Growth Temp,	Vg
2.0ML	490°C	0.1ML/s
2.0ML	500°C	0.1ML/s
1.9ML	510°C	0.1ML/s
2.0ML	520°C	0.1ML/s
2.0ML	530°C	0.1ML/s
2.0ML	540°C	0.1ML/s

QD

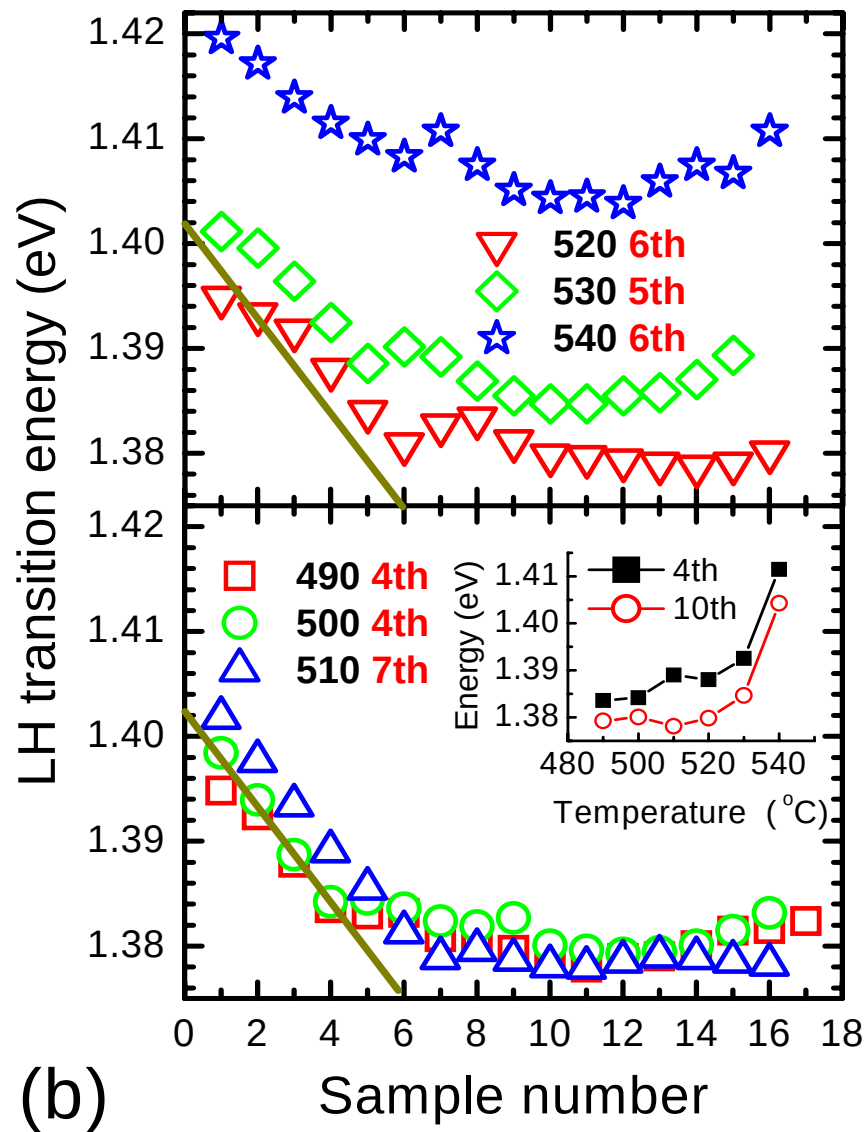
AFM

2D islands, height < 1nm



2D-3D

: 3D-InAs

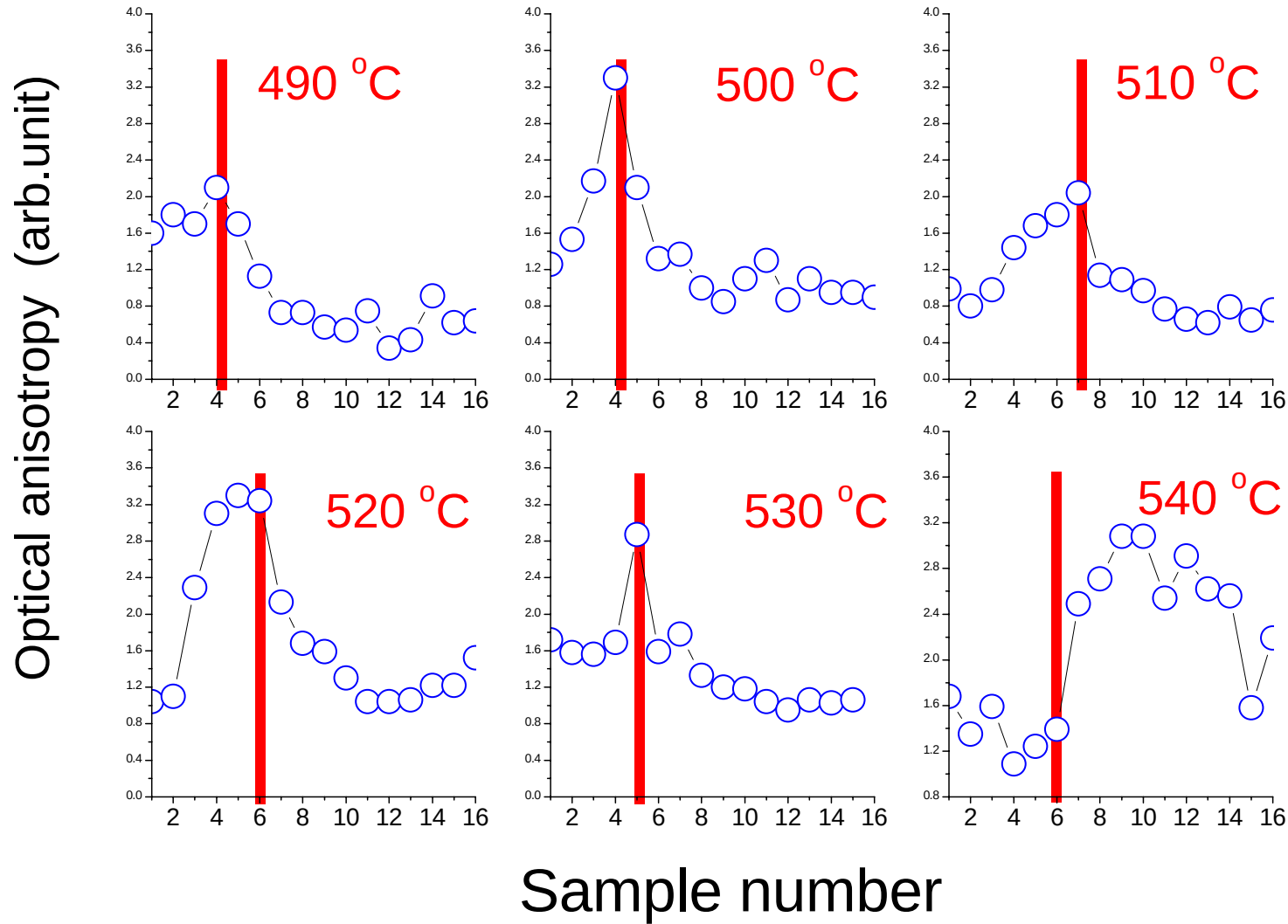


InAs

InAs

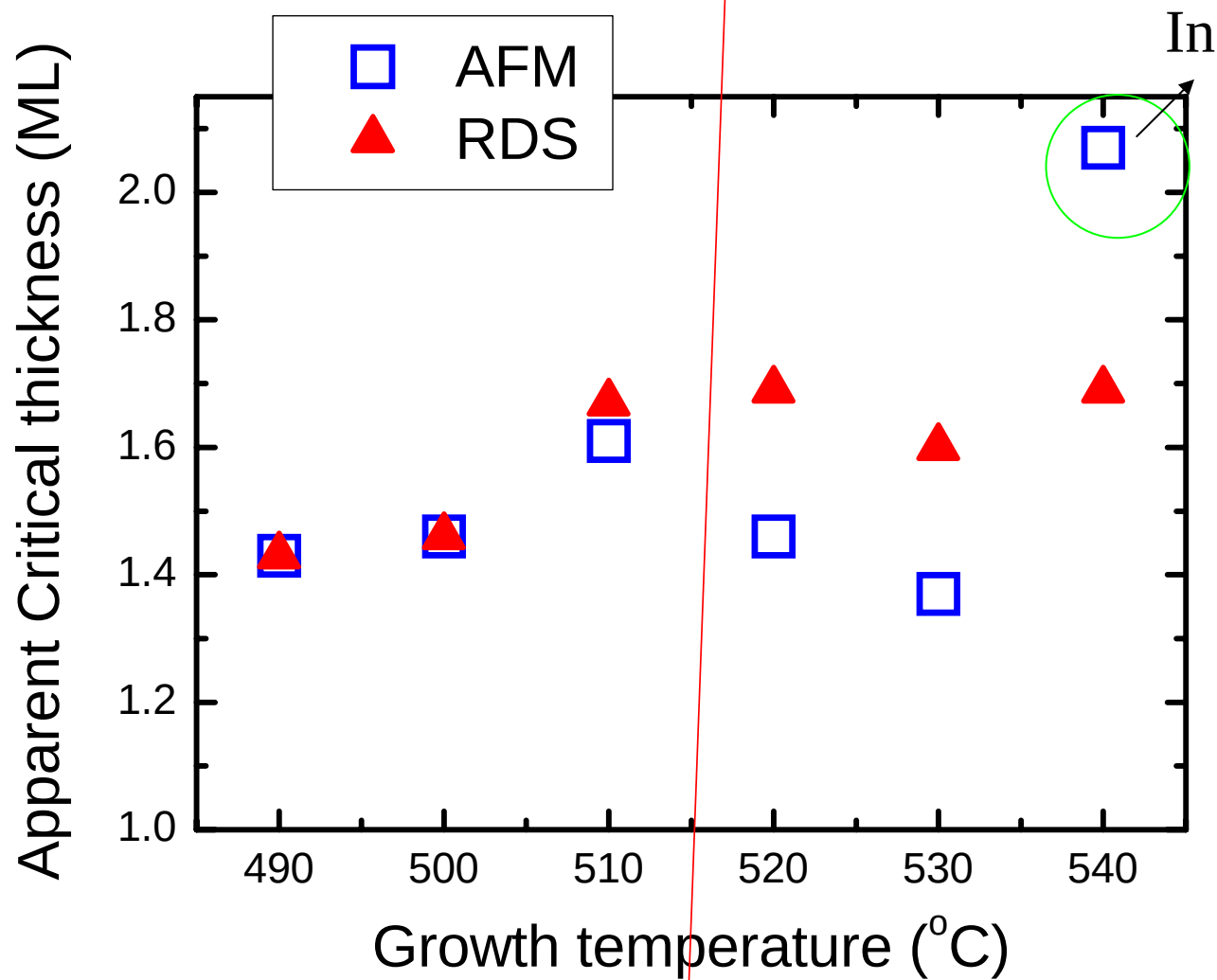
2D-3D

:



Red bars: InAs becomes saturated in WL by RDS
 ◇ rapid change of OA, anisotropic strain in WL

2D-3D

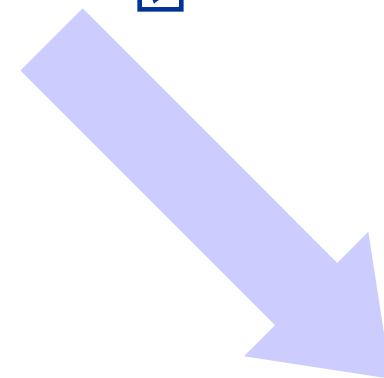
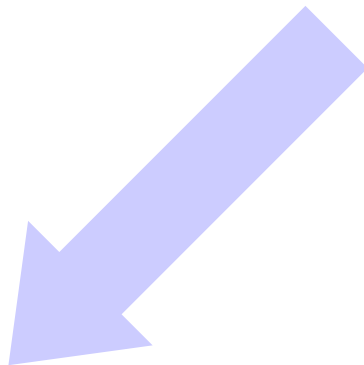




$$E(\mathbf{k}) = E(-\mathbf{k}) \quad E(\mathbf{k}) = E_{\mp}(-\mathbf{k})$$



$$E(\mathbf{k}) = E_{\mp}(\mathbf{k})$$



Zeeman

SO

$$H_{\text{SO}} = -\frac{\hbar}{4m_0^2c^2} \boldsymbol{\sigma} \cdot \mathbf{p} \times (\nabla V_0) \quad V_0$$

ω

$\mathbf{p}, \mathbf{k}, \mathbf{v}$

$\subseteq V_0$

Lorentz

$-\mathbf{V}$

$\mathbf{B}$

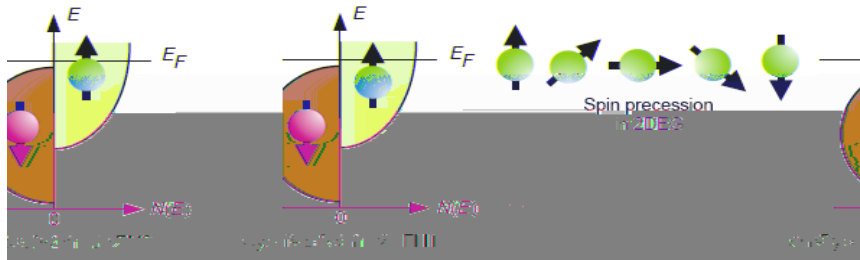
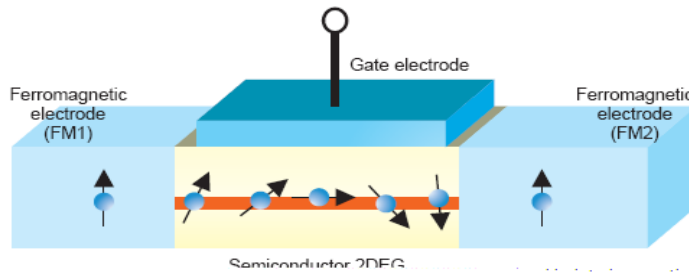
$\mathbf{E}$

$$\mathbf{B} \mid 4 \frac{\nu}{c^2} \mathbf{v} \Delta E$$



C_{2V}

$$H_{SO} = -\frac{\hbar}{4m_0^2c^2} \boldsymbol{\sigma} \cdot \mathbf{p} \times (\nabla V_0)$$



SO

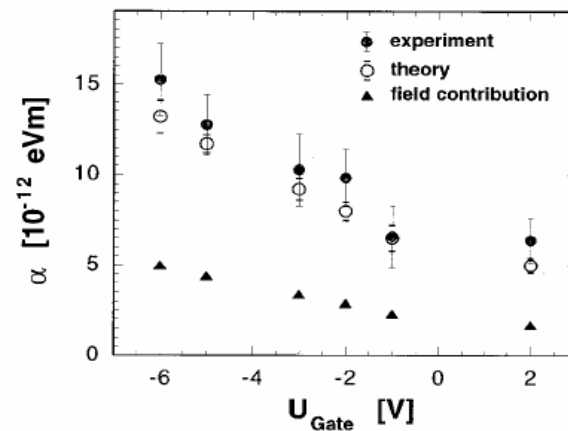
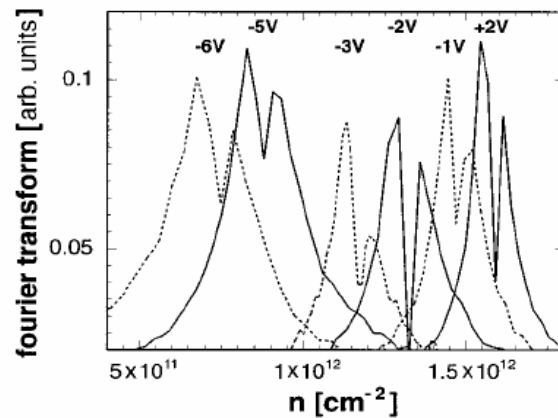
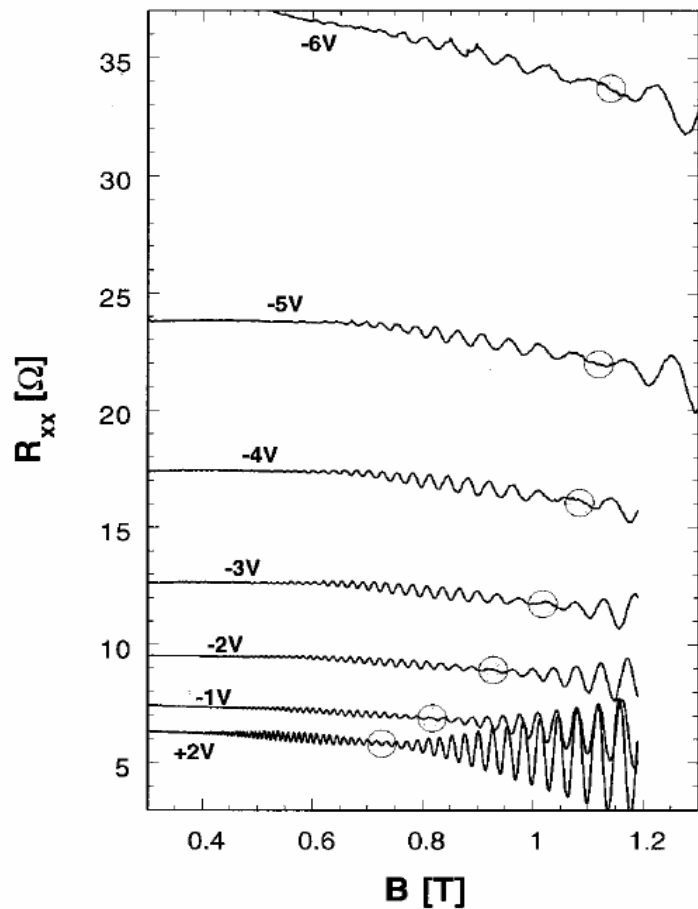
S. Datta and B. Das,
Appl. Phys. Lett.
56, 665(1990)

γ

ω_z, p_x

$\text{In}_x\text{Ga}_{1-x}\text{As}/\text{InP}$

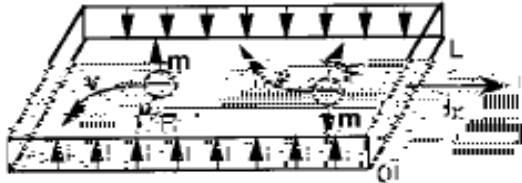
2DEG



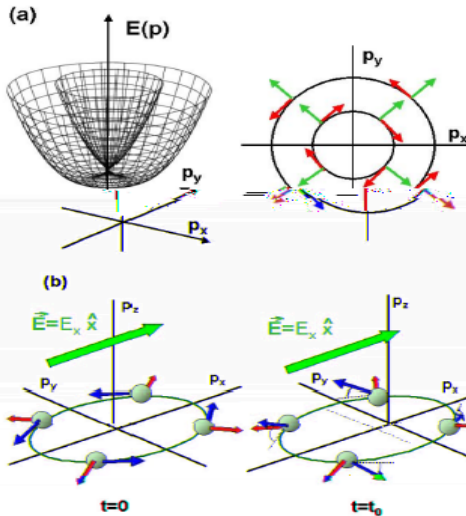
2)

Hall

Spin Hall effect

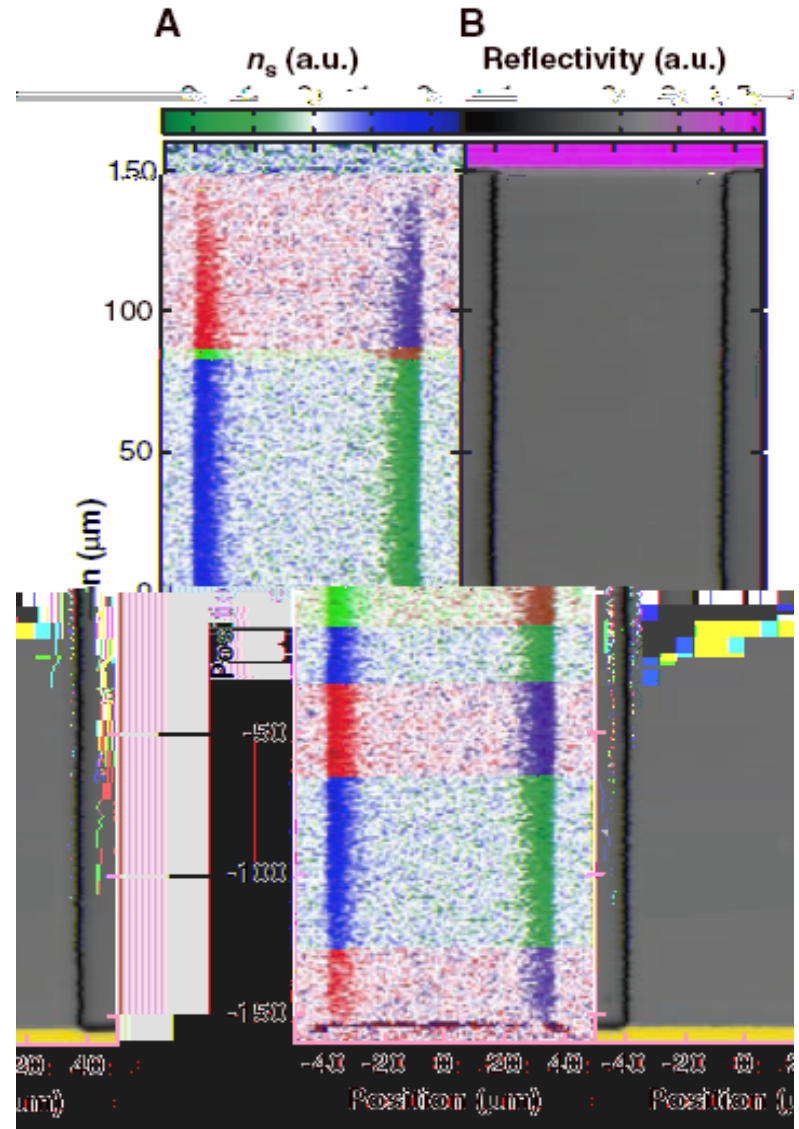


: Rashba



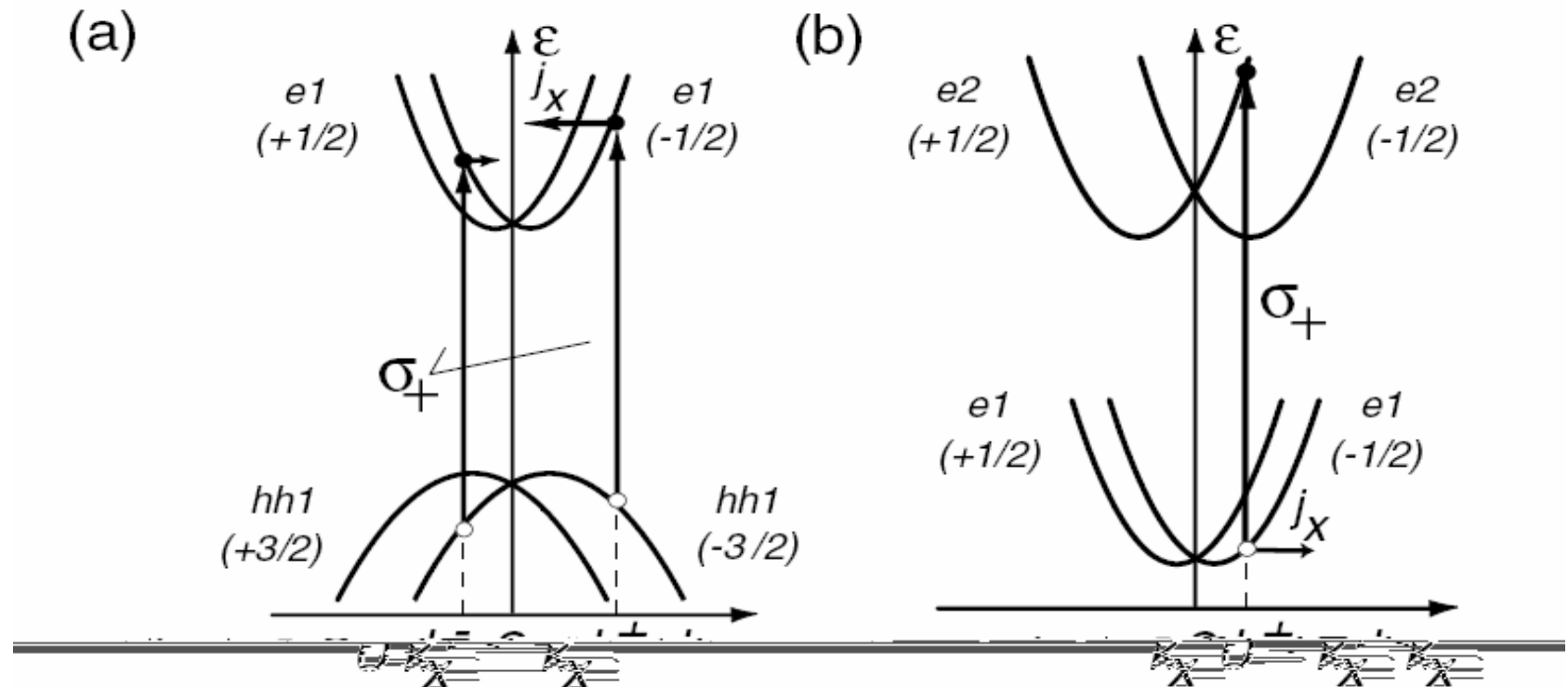
PRL92P126603(2004)

2 σ m n-GaAs on AlGaAs



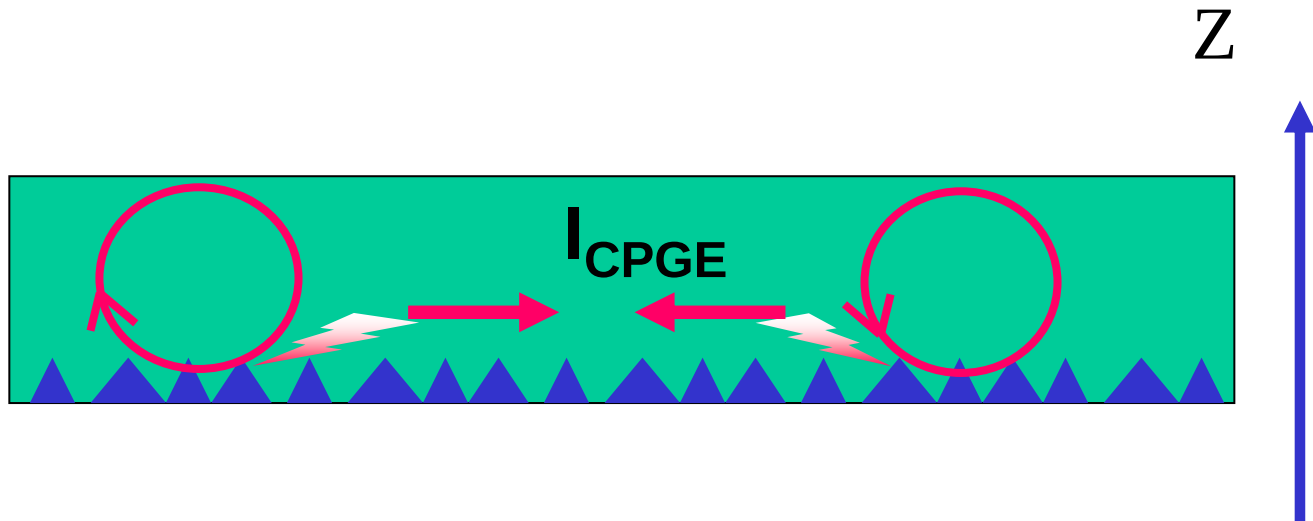
Science306-1910-2004

Circular photogalvanic effect



k_{x+} k_{x-}

CPGE



-

-

GaN/AlGaN

2DEG

CPGE

2006

APL

2007

APL PRL

GaAs/AlGaAs

InAs

2DEG

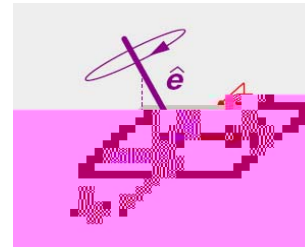
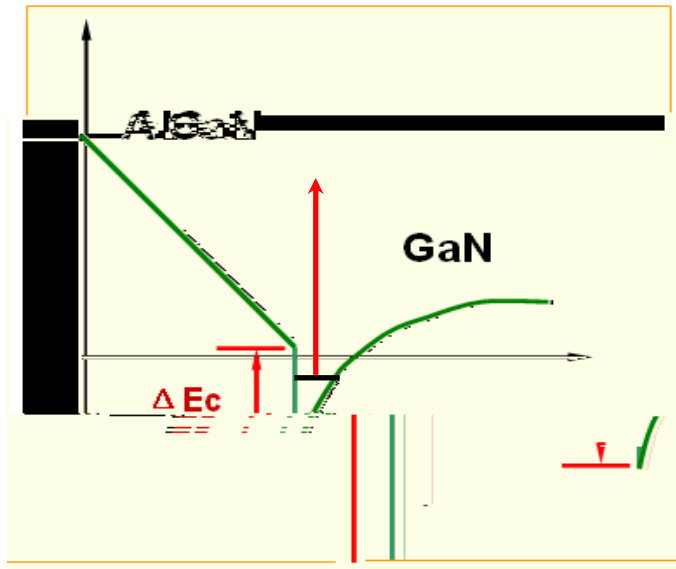
CPGE

InN

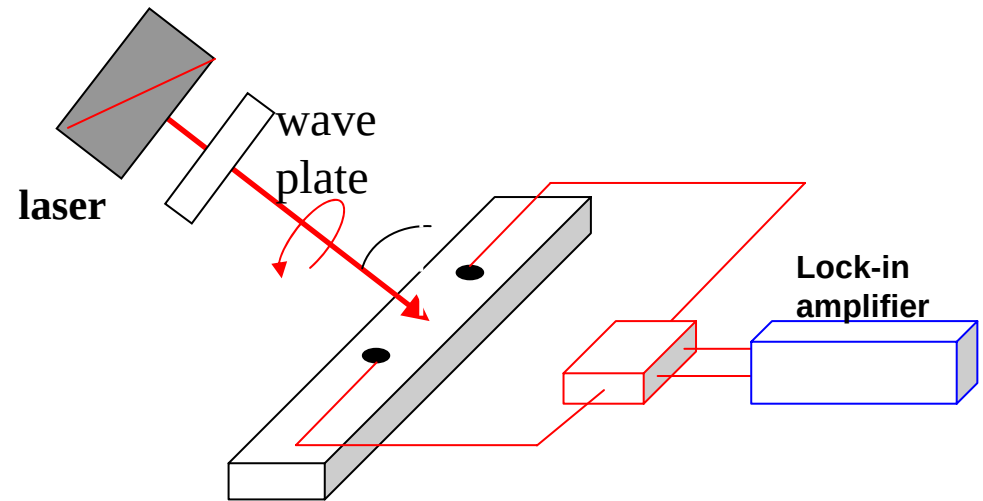
InAs

GaN 2DEG

CPGE



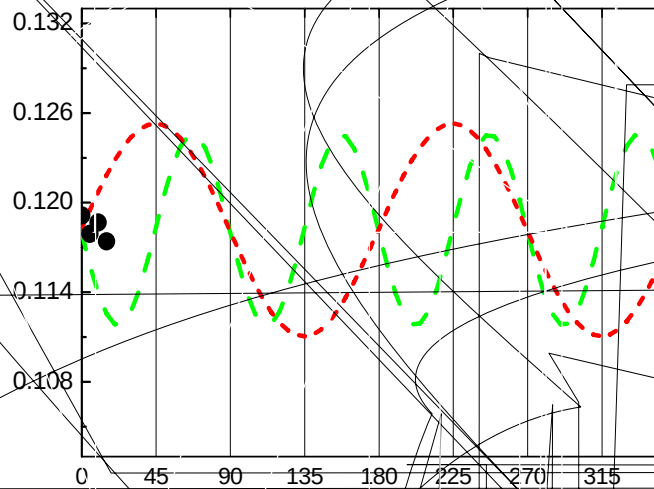
:
1060 nm (1.1 eV)



CPGE setup

GaN 2DEG

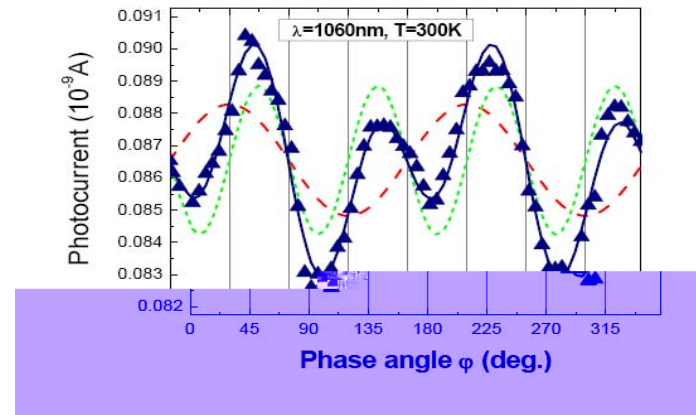
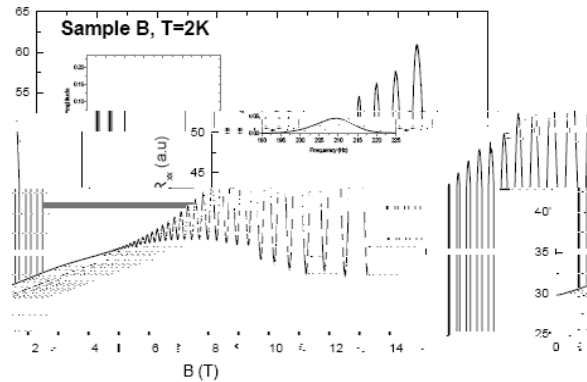
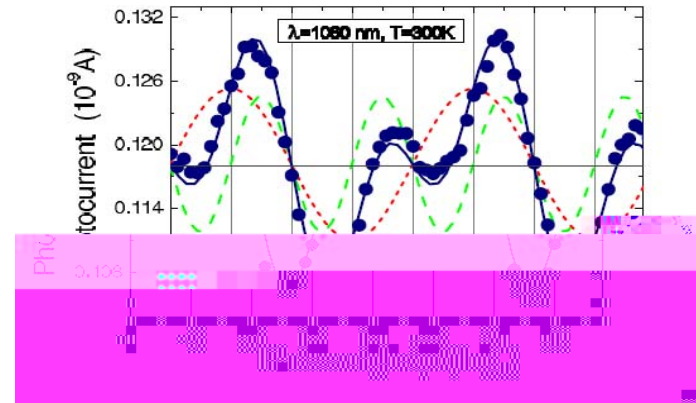
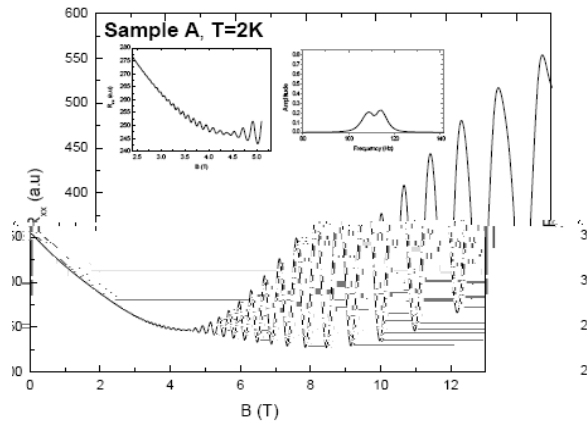
CPGE



$$j_{\varsigma} = j_c \sin 2\pi \frac{z}{L} + j_L \sin 2\pi \cos 2\pi \frac{z}{L} + j_0$$

SdH

CPGE



Y.Q.Tang

, et al, APL, **91**, 071920 (2007)



SOC constant of BIA and SIA terms in wurtzite structure (GaN-based)

BIA SIA

?

$$\zeta \propto \frac{\hbar^2 e E}{4m^* E_g}$$

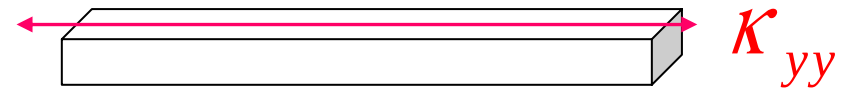
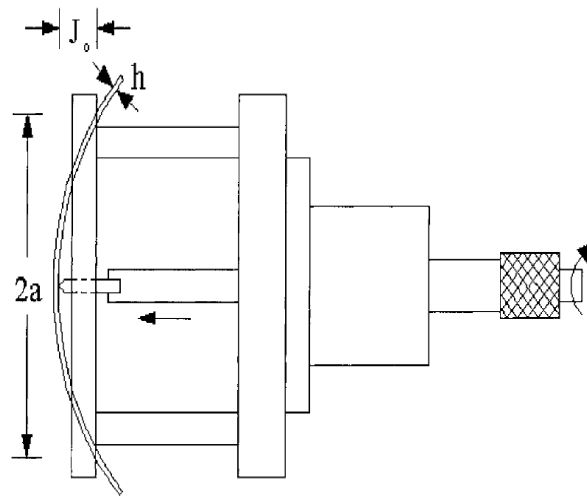
$$\zeta_S \leftarrow E_{\text{built in}}$$

AlGaN/GaN :

: ~ MV/cm

CPGE

Experimental setup for uniaxial strain



Y

:

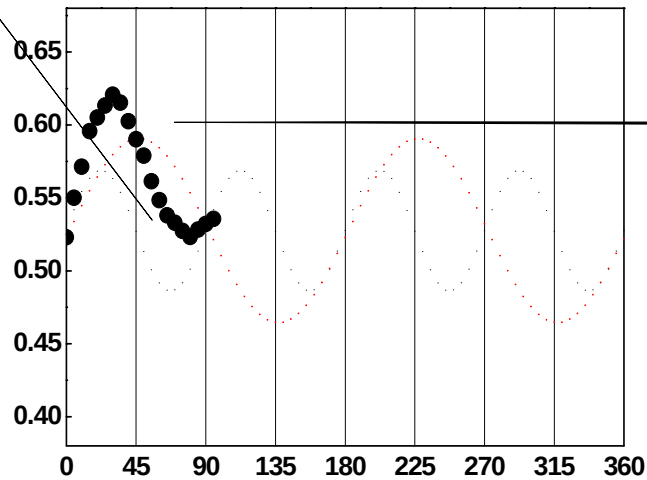
$$\kappa_{yy} \propto \frac{3hJ_0}{2a^2}$$

Z

:

$$\kappa_{zz} \propto 4 \frac{C_{12}}{C_{13}} \kappa_{yy}$$

CPGE current as a function of the additional uniaxial strain



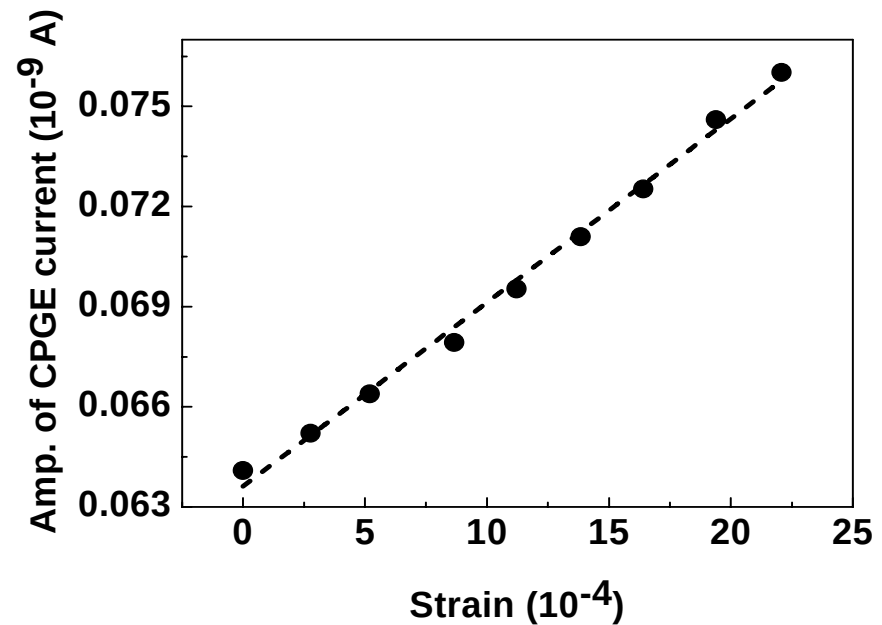
Ratio of SIA and BIA SOC constants

$$\zeta_s \leftarrow E_{\text{built in}}$$

$$j_y(\kappa_{yy}) \mid j_b^0 \ 2 \ j_s^0 \ 2 \ k_s \ \kappa_{yy}$$

$$j_y \mid j_b^0 \ 2 \ bE_0 \ 2 \ bE_{un}(\kappa_{yy})$$

$$a_s / a_b \mid j_b^0 / j_s^0 - 13.2$$



X.W.He

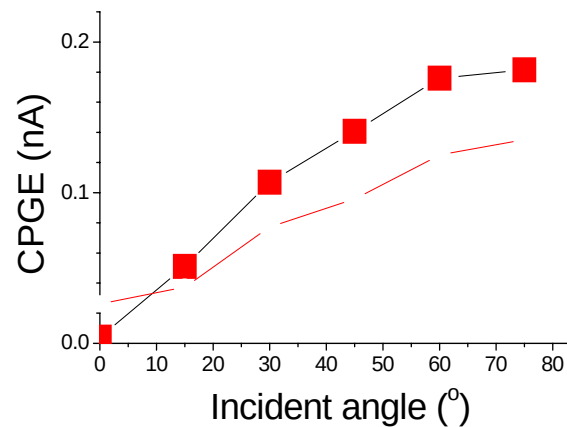
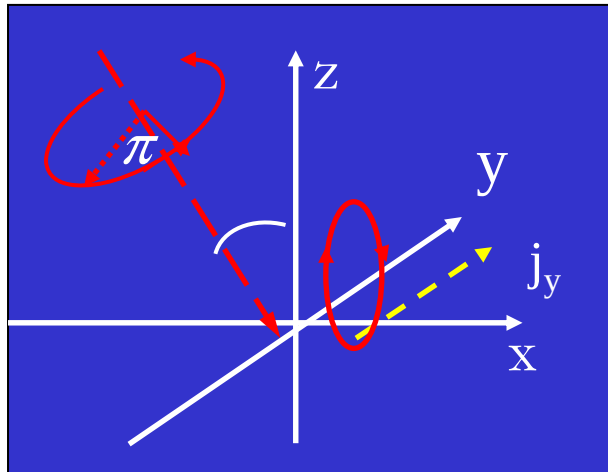
, et al, APL, **91**, 071912 (2007)

Observation of the anomalous CPGE

CPGE :

$$J_x \propto \nu_{xy} i / E \Delta E^* \propto \sin \lambda$$

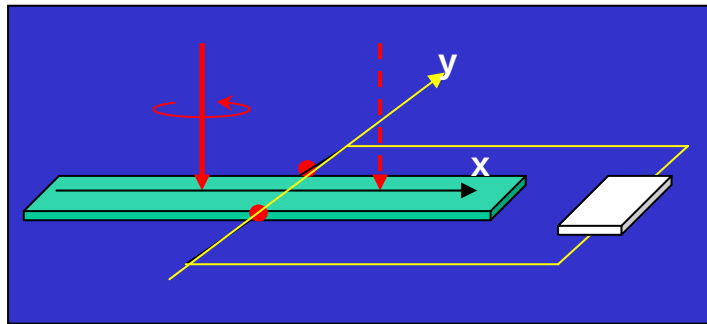
CPGE



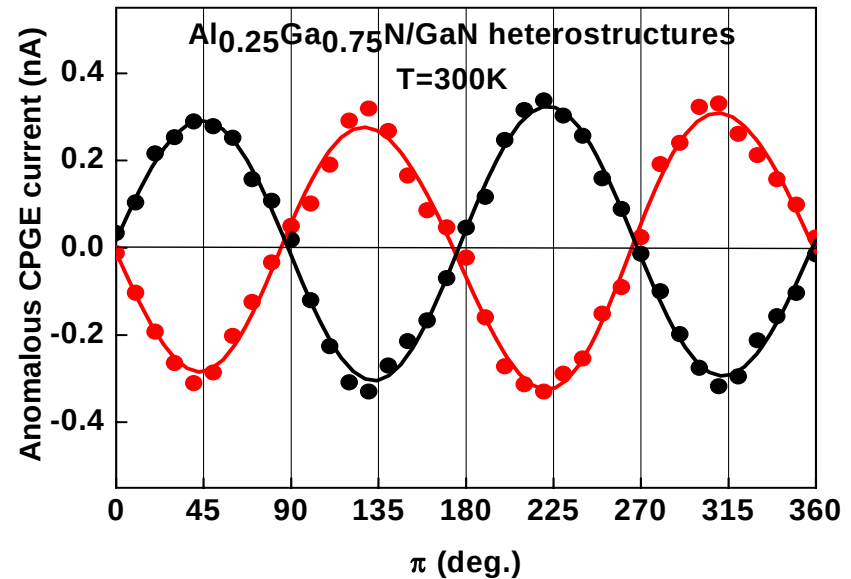
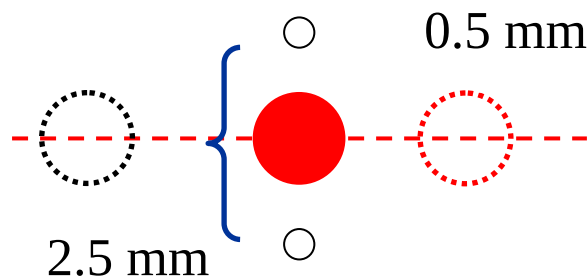
InAs

CPGE

Observation of the anomalous CPGE



1.1 mm



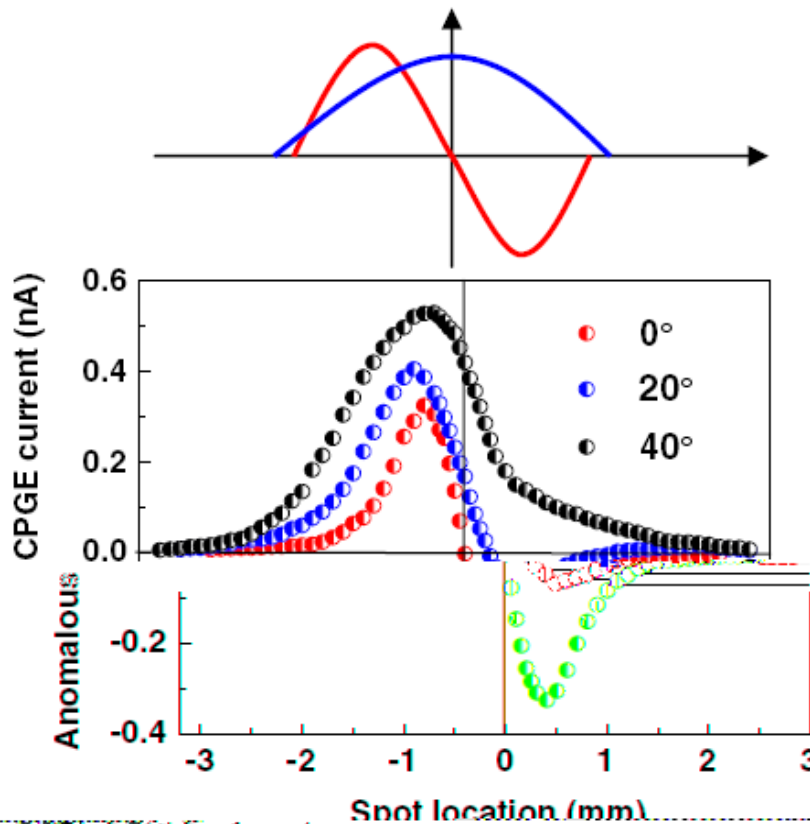
CPGE

1/4

X.W.He

, et al, PRL, 101, 147402 (2008)

Observation of the anomalous CPGE

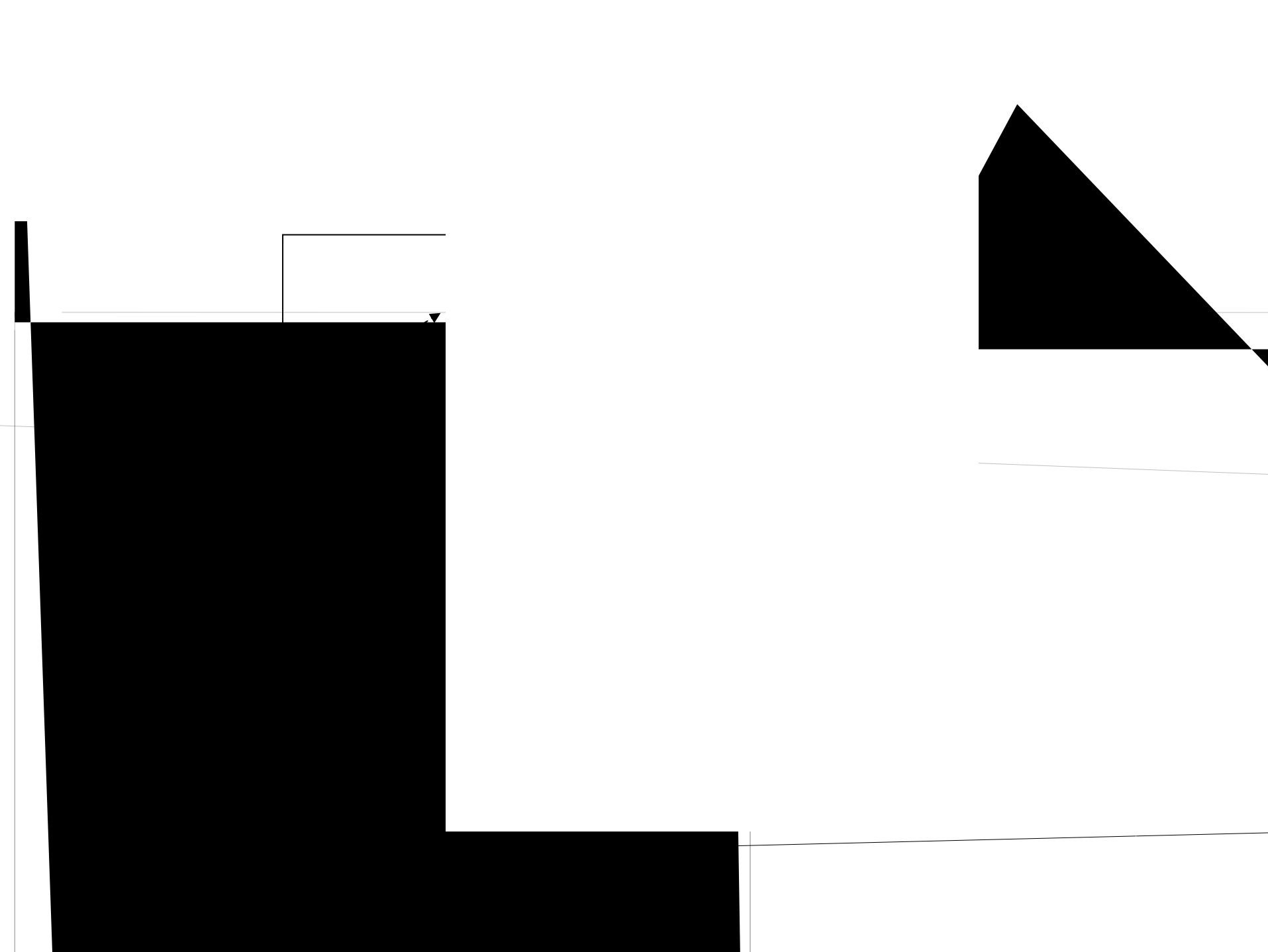


CPGE

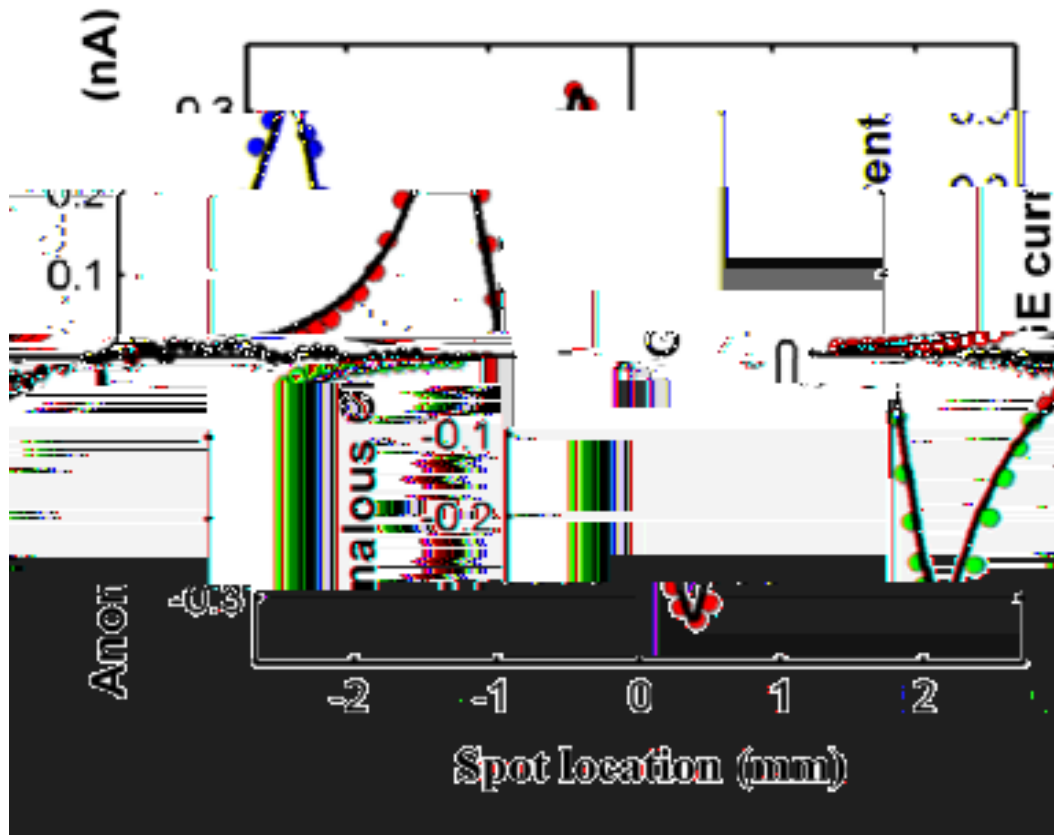
X.W.He , et al, PRL, 101, 147402 (2008)



$$J_{Hall} \propto J_0 \sin 2\pi$$



Observation of the anomalous CPGE

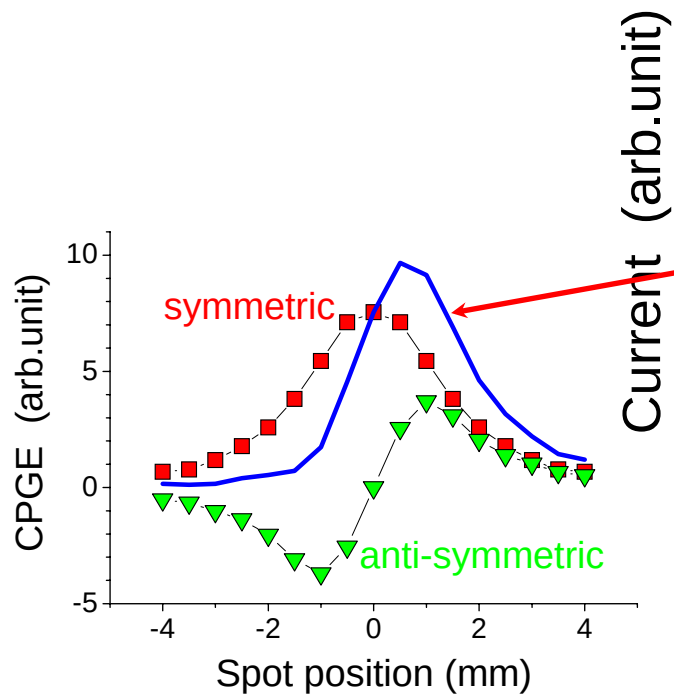
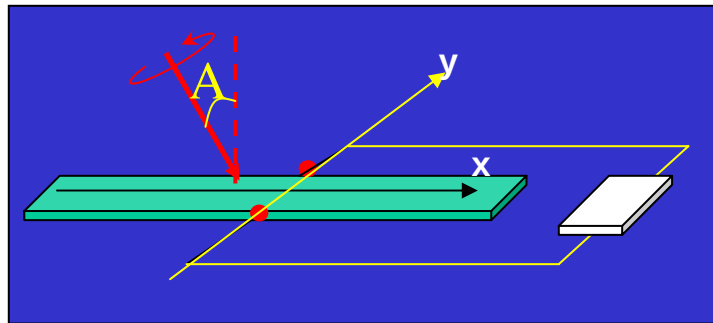


The current as a function of the light spot location with the light spot of 1.1mm and 0.1mm in diameter, respectively.

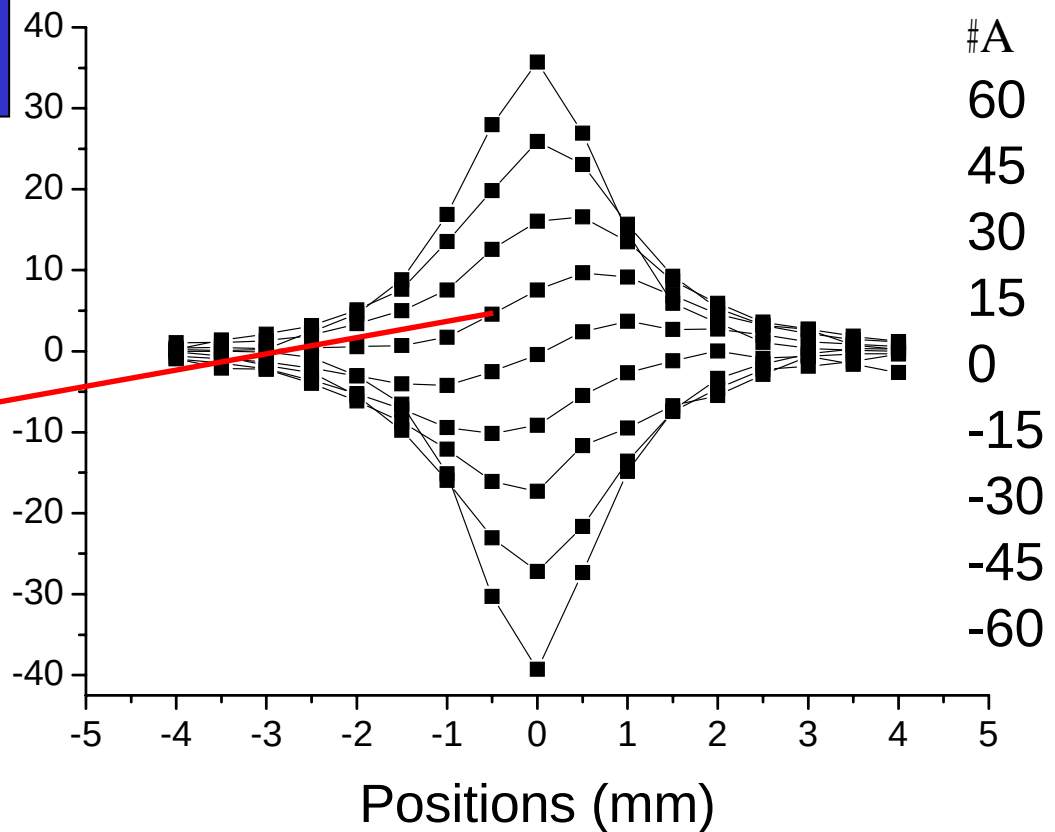
$$F \propto \frac{f_0}{q} e - 2.4 \Delta 10^{419} N$$

X.W.He, et al, PRL, 101, 147402 (2008)

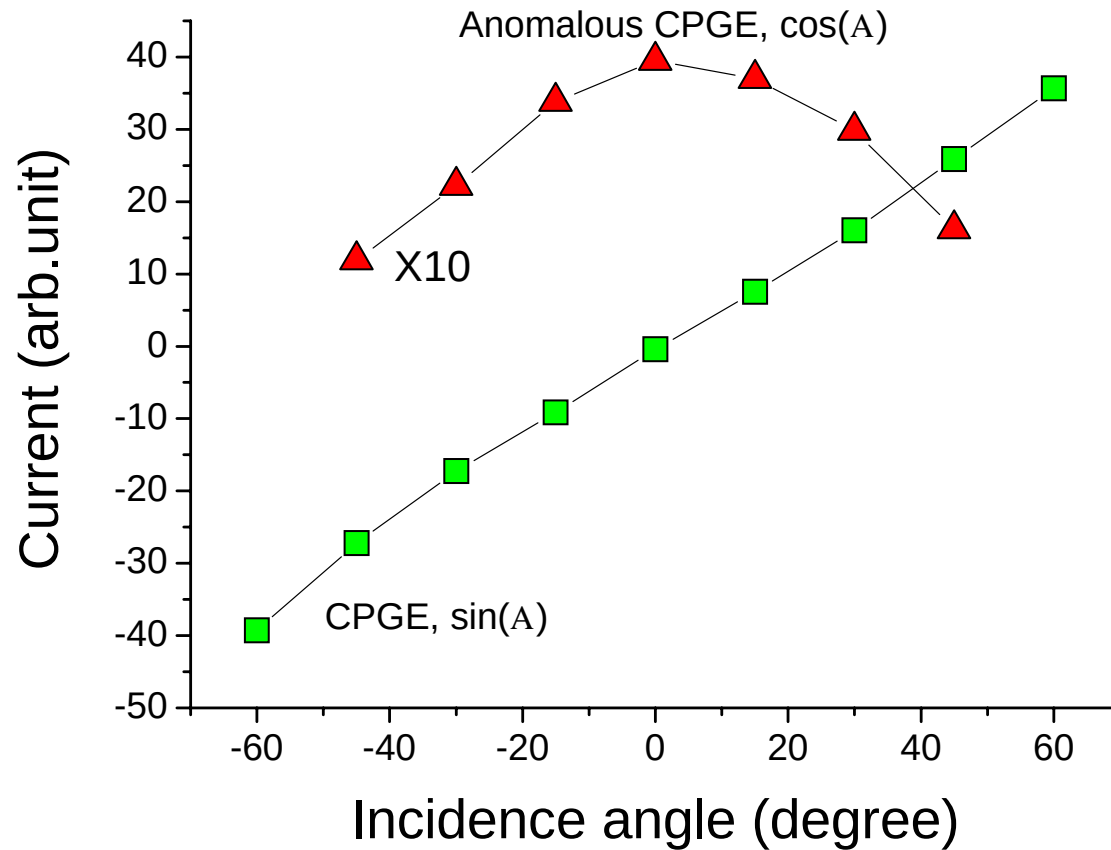
Anomalous CPGE in GaAs/AlGaAs 2DEG



Current (arb.unit)



Anomalous CPGE in GaAs/AlGaAs 2DEG



CPGE

CPGE



1

2

RDS

QW

RDS

3

4

RDS

